

Westmoreland County Office of the Coroner

Kenneth A. Bacha, Coroner



2012 Annual Report

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All persons involved in death investigations, including law enforcement officials, emergency personnel, hospital personnel, nursing/personal care home personnel and funeral directors, should follow the following guidelines. The list provided is by no means exhaustive. My staff is available to assist with any questions you may have. In any death case, **WHEN IN DOUBT, CALL THE CORONER.**

Sincerely,
Kenneth A. Bacha, Coroner

GUIDELINES TO BE FOLLOWED IN DEATH CASES

- A. The Coroner, Chief Deputy Coroner or Deputy Coroner having view of the body, shall investigate the facts and circumstances concerning deaths **WHICH APPEAR TO HAVE OCCURRED WITHIN THE COUNTY, REGARDLESS WHERE THE CAUSE THEREOF MAY HAVE OCCURRED**, for the purpose of determining whether or not an autopsy should be conducted or an inquest thereof should be had in the following cases:
- (1) Sudden death not caused by readily recognizable disease, or wherein a physician on the basis of prior medical attendance cannot properly certify the cause of death.
 - (a) **SUDDEN DEATH DEFINED:** The Coroner shall regard any death as sudden if it occurs without prior medical attendance by a person who may lawfully execute a certificate of death in this Commonwealth, or if, within twenty-four hours of death, the decedent was discharged from such medical attendance or a change of such medical attendance had occurred, or if any such medical attendance began within twenty-four hours of death and the medical attendant refuses or is unable to certify the cause of death. Medical attendance includes hospitalization. (The provisions stated above regarding sudden death shall not be construed to affect the Coroner's discretion as to whether or not any death was suspicious, nor shall they be construed to authorize a Coroner to investigate a sudden death any further than necessary to determine cause and manner of death).
 - (2) Death occurring under suspicious circumstances including those where alcohol, drugs or other toxic substances may have a direct bearing on the death.
 - (3) Death occurring as a result of violence or trauma, whether apparently homicidal, suicidal or accidental (including but not limited to, those due to mechanical, thermal, chemical, electrical or radiation injury, drowning, cave-ins and subsidence).
 - (4) Any death in which trauma (falls or fractures), chemical injury, asphyxia, exposure, fire related, drug overdose or reaction to drugs or medical treatment was a **PRIMARY** or **SECONDARY**, **DIRECT** or **INDIRECT**, **CONTRIBUTORY**, **AGGRAVATING** or **PRECIPITATING** cause of death.
 - (5) Operative and peri-operative death in which the death is not readily explainable on the basis of prior disease.
 - (6) Any death wherein the body is unidentified or unclaimed.
 - (7) Deaths known or suspected as due to contagious disease and constituting a public health hazard.
 - (8) Deaths occurring in a prison or penal institution or while in the custody of the police.
 - (9) Deaths of persons whose bodies are to be cremated, buried at sea or otherwise disposed of so as to be thereafter unavailable for examination.
 - (10) Any sudden, infant death.
 - (11) Stillbirth.
 - (12) **ALL** residence (including hospice), personal care home, and emergency room deaths.
- B. The purpose of an investigation shall be to determine the cause of any such death and to determine whether or not there is sufficient reason for the Coroner to believe that any such death may have resulted from criminal acts or criminal neglect of persons other than the deceased.
- C. **UNCLAIMED BODY** – Hospitals, nursing homes and personal care homes are required to contact the Humanity Gifts Registry as soon as they realize they have an unclaimed body, but not longer than 36 hours after the death. The County will not accept an unclaimed body because the healthcare or personal care facility failed to notify Humanity Gifts Registry on time and failure to do so makes that facility responsible for all arrangements for the disposition of the remains.
- D. In all cases where the Coroner has jurisdiction to investigate the facts and circumstances of a death, **THE BODY AND ITS SURROUNDINGS SHALL REMAIN UNTOUCHED** until the Coroner, Chief Deputy Coroner or Deputy Coroner has had a view thereof or until he shall otherwise direct or authorize (Section 120, County Code, Amended 11/29/90, P.L. 602, No. 152) and the laws of the Commonwealth provide that the Coroner shall take custody of all personal effects which appear to have been **ON** or **ABOUT** the person at the time of death until lawfully claimed by proper persons. Care should be taken in gathering of these effects in order to facilitate identification of the deceased and further any police investigation that may be in progress.

**TO REPORT A CORONER'S CASE
24 HOURS A DAY – 7 DAYS A WEEK
CALL (724) 830-3636**

If the Deputy is out of the office, calls will automatically forward to the Department of Public Safety (911) after six rings. They will contact the appropriate person or provide instructions to do so.

Full-Time Staff

Kenneth A. Bacha
Coroner

Paul B. Cycak, Jr.
Chief Deputy Coroner

Jeffrey D. Monzo
Solicitor

John A. Ackerman
Deputy Coroner

Timothy P. O'Donnell
Deputy Coroner

Joshua C. Zappone
Deputy Coroner

Sean R. Hribal
Deputy Coroner

Kathleen M. Hobaugh
Secretary

Part-Time Staff

Dennis A. Johns
Deputy Coroner

Pierre M. DeFelice
Deputy Coroner

Doug Lewis
Deputy Coroner

Matthew J. McKinnon
Deputy Coroner

William R. Jones
Deputy Coroner

William R. Rusiewicz
Deputy Coroner

Frank Kapr
Deputy Coroner

Facilities

The administrative offices of the Westmoreland County Coroner are located at the:
Westmoreland County Courthouse
2 North Main Street, Suite 602
Greensburg, PA 15601

The Westmoreland County Coroner's Office utilizes a morgue facility located at the Westmoreland Manor in Hempfield Township, Pennsylvania.

Autopsies are performed by Dr. Cyril H. Wecht and Pathology Associates at Carlow University, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Forensic Anthropology services are provided by Dr. Dennis C. Dirkmaat, Ph.D., D.A.B.F.A., Forensic Anthropologist with Mercyhurst College, Erie, Pennsylvania.

Forensic Odontology services are provided by Dr. Scott E. Learn, DMD, MAGD.

Toxicology testing is performed by NMS Labs of Willow Grove, Pennsylvania

Websites

The homepage of the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office can be found at:
<http://www.co.westmoreland.pa.us/coroner>

There you will find forms, brochures, answers to frequently asked questions and helpful information to assist grieving families and friends.

Also available is, information and statistics on investigations, community education and public safety training opportunities and internship information.

Press releases are available on the website and through signing up with the county e-alert system.

The Westmoreland County Coroner's Office can be found on Facebook and Twitter to make public information releases and statistics more available to the media and public.

Facebook – <http://www.facebook.com/WestmdCoroner>

Twitter - <https://twitter.com/#!/WestmdCoCoroner>

Cadaver Detection Canine Unit

The Westmoreland County Coroner's Office will assist law enforcement agencies in the search for clandestine gravesites, human remains, blood evidence at crime and fire scenes.

Dogs have an extraordinary sense of smell and have located graves decades after burial. These dogs are important, non-destructive screeners, helpful during the searching phase of the investigation.

"Hanna" is a 9 year old Belgian Malinois and is available to law enforcement agencies upon request.

"Kai" is a 4 month old Belgian Malinois who is currently in detection training and will become an addition to the unit. She was acquired through Logan Haus Kennels of Lewisburg, West Virginia.

Deputy John A. Ackerman has over 20 years of experience in the training and handling of cadaver detection dogs.



INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

Beginning in Coroner Kenneth A. Bacha's first term, the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office has continued to offer its internship program to interested high school and college students. The internship program's guidelines are as follows:

- Must be 18 years of age or older, and provide a resume, copy of Photo ID and valid health insurance card.
- (High School students receiving school credit may be considered for participation)
 - Upon receipt of application and above documents, an interview will be scheduled with the Coroner and/or Chief Deputy. Application and all documents **MUST BE RECEIVED** no later than 45 days prior to the anticipated start date.
 - Preference will be given to individuals pursuing careers and/or education in the following fields:
 - Forensics
 - Law Enforcement
 - Criminology/Criminal Justice
 - Funeral Direction
 - Preference will also be given to those individuals receiving education credits from an accredited college, university or training program.
- Successful applicants must be willing to participate in all aspects and duties of the coroner's office including, but not limited to:
 - General office duties (Answering phones, logging information, data entry and filing)
 - Scene investigation (General investigations under the supervision of a Deputy Coroner)
 - Autopsy observation
- Interns will maintain a log or journal of their experience throughout their internship and submit it to the Coroner at the conclusion of their internship.
- Internships are conducted during each semester and over the summer on the daylight shift only.

In 2012, five students completed the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office Internship Program:

- One student from Saint Vincent College.
- One student from University of Pittsburgh at Greensburg.
- One student from Westmoreland County Community College.
- Two students from Franklin Regional High School.

Pennsylvania State Coroners' Education Board

The Coroners' Education Board, housed in the Office of Attorney General, provides the Basic Education Course which all newly elected coroners are required to attend prior to assuming office. The chief deputy and full-time deputies are required to attend the Basic Education Course within six months of appointment. The board also authorizes courses as acceptable for fulfillment of the eight credit hours of continuing education required annually of all coroners and full-time deputies. All full-time staff of the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office has successfully completed the Basic Education Course. In 2012, all part-time staff of the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office will have the Basic Education Course training.

*In March 2010, Coroner Kenneth A. Bacha was appointed to the Coroners' Education Board by Governor Edward G. Rendell.

*Board members voted Coroner Bacha as chairman of the Coroners' Education Board and he assumed this position on January 1, 2011.

Pennsylvania State Coroners Association

The object of the PSCA is to hold meetings for the purpose of discussing the various questions which arise in the discharge of the duties of the office of the coroner, and for such other purposes as will conduce to greater efficiency of the operation of the office of the coroner. Additionally, the PSCA holds an annual conference and education seminar addressing various topics, questions and current events for the coroner's offices located throughout Pennsylvania. The coroner, chief deputy, and deputies of the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office are all members of the PSCA.

*Coroner Bacha formerly held the office of Regional Vice-President of the PSCA and is currently the Assistant Secretary Treasurer.

International Association of Coroners and Medical Examiners

The International Association of Coroners & Medical Examiners has over 70 years of experience in the presentation of educational seminars for the purpose of assisting coroners and medical examiners in the performance of their duties. This commitment is enshrined in the association's mission statement, "The International Association of Coroners & Medical Examiners is committed to advancing the accurate determination of the cause and the manner of death through the utilization of science, medicine and the law." The coroner, chief deputy, and full-time deputies of the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office are active members of the International Association of Coroners & Medical Examiners.

Westmoreland County Law Enforcement Association

The purpose of the Westmoreland County Law Enforcement Association is to hold meetings for discussing the various questions, topics and current events which arise within the different agencies of law enforcement in Westmoreland County. The coroner, chief deputy, and full-time deputies of the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office are active members of the Westmoreland County Law Enforcement Association.

*Coroner Bacha is a former board member and past President of the association.

American Board of Medicolegal Death Investigators

Coroner Kenneth A. Bacha and all full-time deputies of the Westmoreland County Coroner's Office are registered medicolegal death investigators with the American Board of Medicolegal Death Investigators and hold the title (D-ABMDI).

**The American Board of Medicolegal Death Investigators (ABMDI) is a voluntary national, not-for-profit, independent professional certification board that has been established to promote the highest standards of practice for medicolegal death investigators.

ABMDI certifies individuals who have the proven knowledge and skills necessary to perform medicolegal death investigations as set forth in the National Institutes of Justice 1999 publication *Death Investigation: A Guide for the Scene Investigator*.

ABMDI was created, designed, and developed by veteran, practicing medicolegal death investigators who were involved in the development of *Death Investigation: A Guide for the Scene Investigator*. It will also assist the courts and public in evaluating competence of the certified individual.

In 2005, the ABMDI was accredited by the [Forensic Specialties Accreditation Board](#)

The goal of FSAB is to establish a mechanism whereby the forensic community can assess, recognize and monitor organizations or professional boards that certify individual forensic scientists or other forensic specialists.

Purpose of the American Board of Medicolegal Death Investigators®

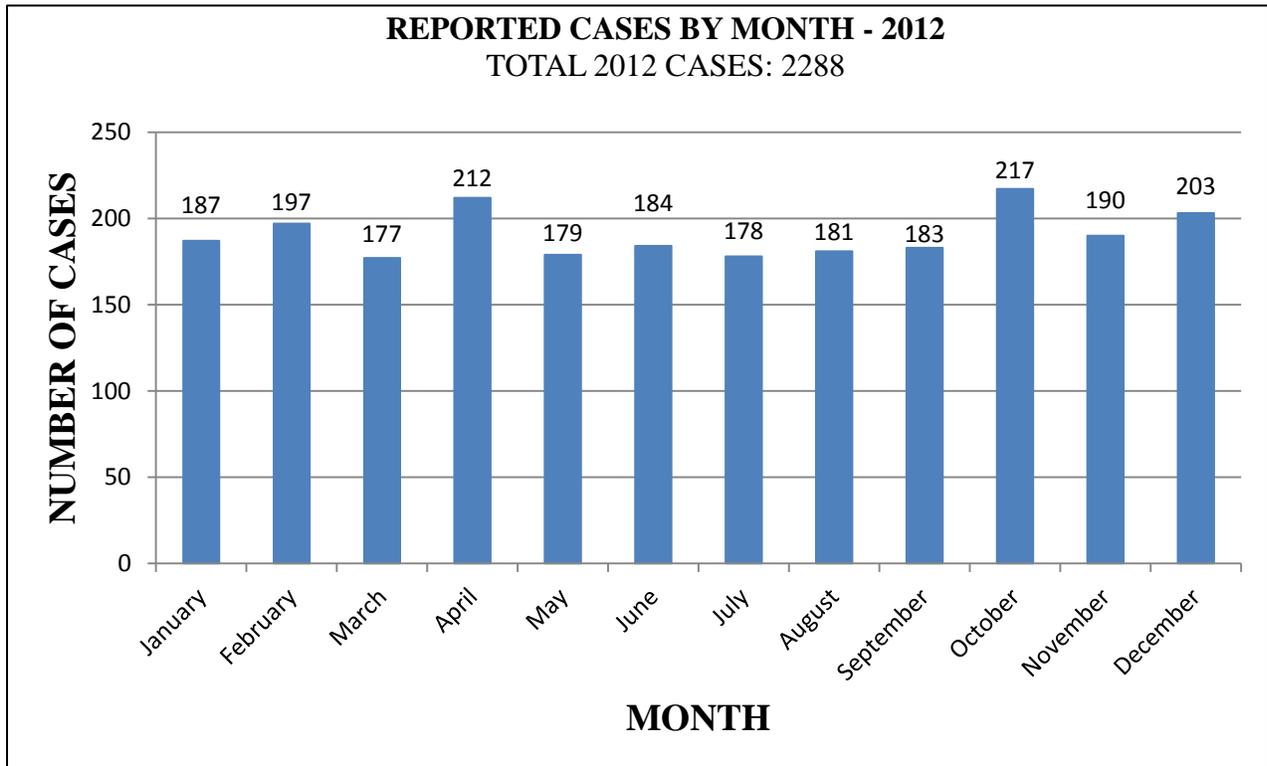
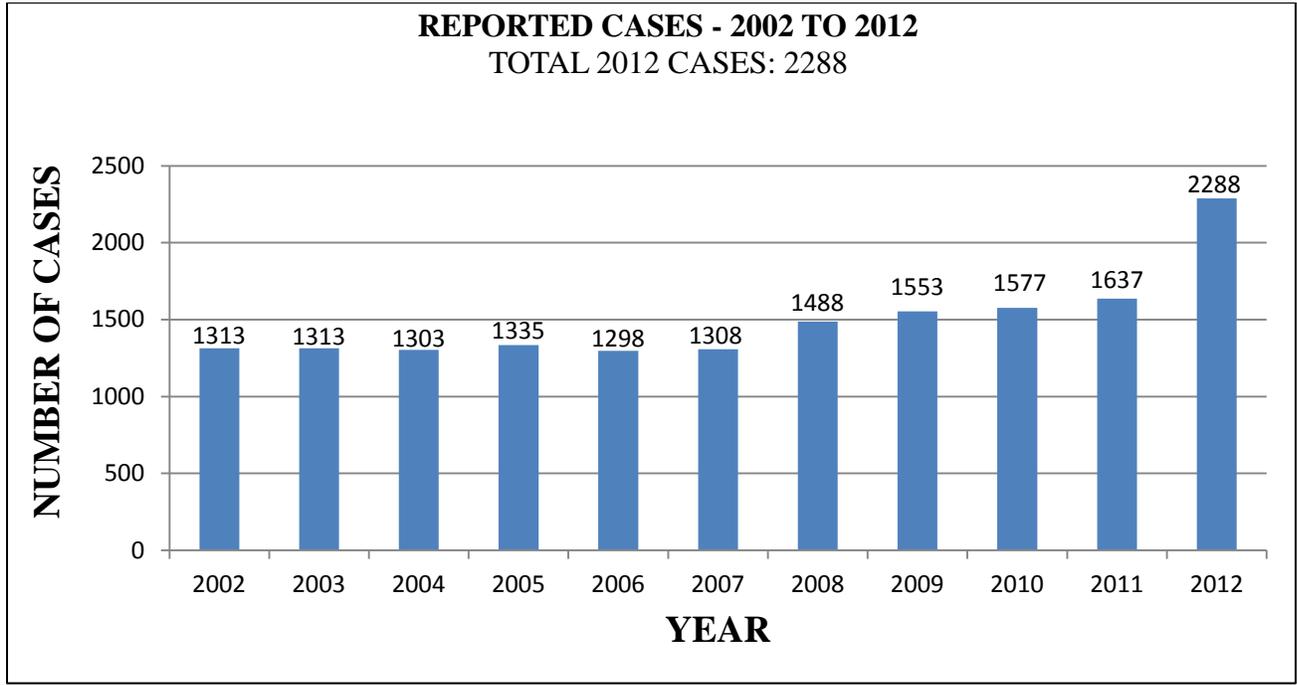
- To encourage adherence to high standards of professional practice and ethical conduct when performing medicolegal death investigations.
- To recognize qualified individuals who have voluntarily applied for basic and advanced levels of professional certification.
- To grant and issue certificates to individuals who have demonstrated their mastery of investigational techniques and who have successfully completed rigorous examination of their knowledge and skills in the field of medicolegal death investigation.
- To maintain a listing of individuals granted ABMDI certification.
- To recertify individuals every five years according to established professional recertification criteria, including continuing education requirements and work verification.

Benefits of Certification

Official guidelines for medicolegal death investigators had not been established until publication of the *National Guidelines for Death Investigation* by the National Institute of Justice in December 1997. Twenty-nine tasks were identified that may need to be performed to properly conduct a medicolegal death investigation. The guidelines were renamed and published in 1999 as *Death Investigation: A Guide for the Scene Investigator*. These national guidelines were validated by the Technical Working Group for Death Investigation (TWIGDI), the National Medicolegal Review Panel (NMRP) and 146 members of the TWIGDI national reviewers network. Certification provides official recognition by an independent professional certification body that an individual has acquired specialized knowledge and demonstrated proficiency in the standards and practice necessary to properly conduct medicolegal death investigations. The individual agrees to adhere to the highest standards of professional practice and ethical conduct when serving the public and when representing the profession.

**ABMDI Website - <http://medschool.slu.edu/abmdi/>

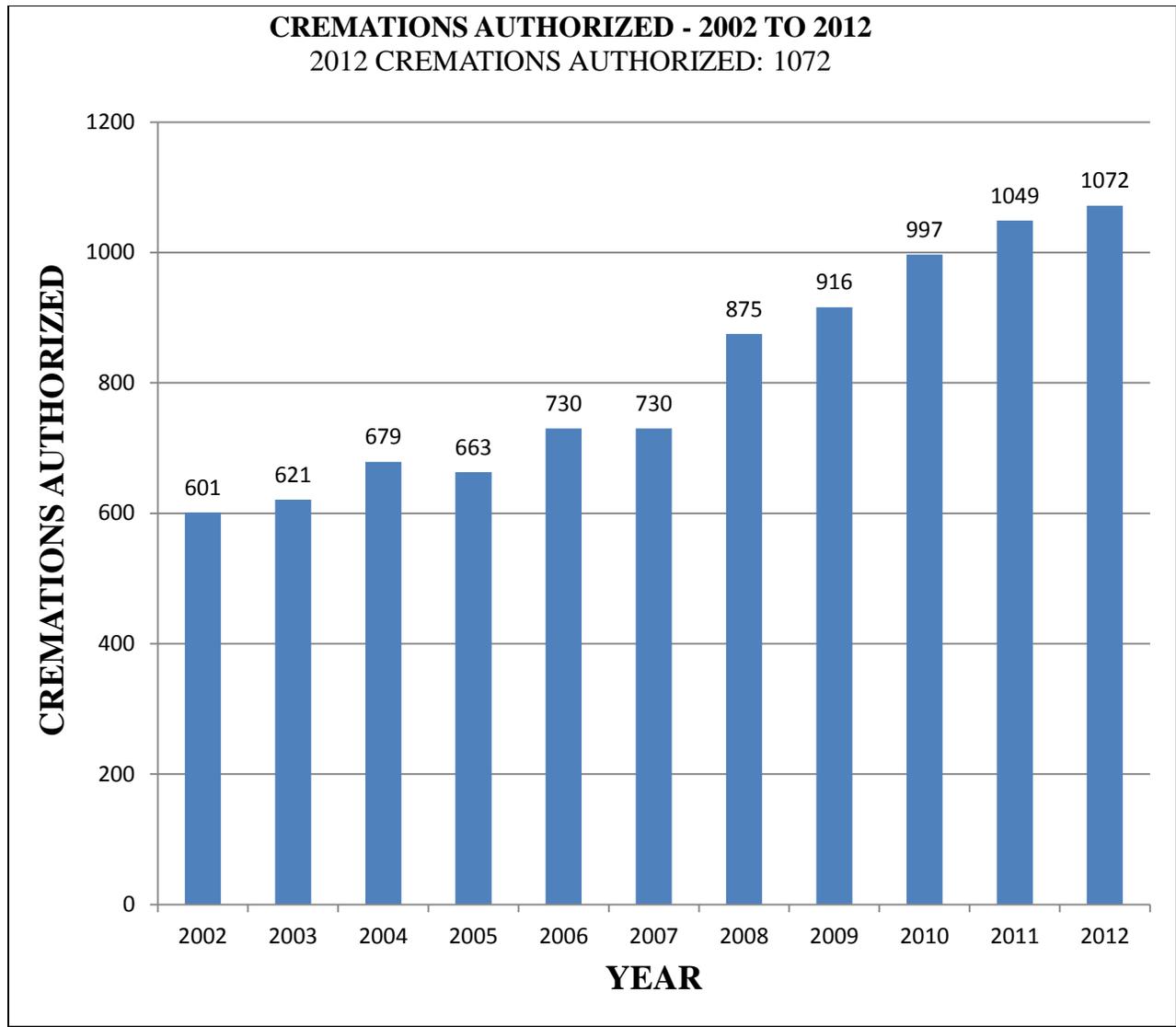
TOTAL CASES



*The Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office has seen a 43% increase in reported cases over the last 10 years.

CREMATIONS

Pennsylvania State Law requires any deaths of persons whose bodies are to be cremated, buried at sea or otherwise disposed of, so to be thereafter unavailable for examination, must be reported to the coroner’s office of where the place of death occurred. An investigation takes place into the death and an authorization is then granted.

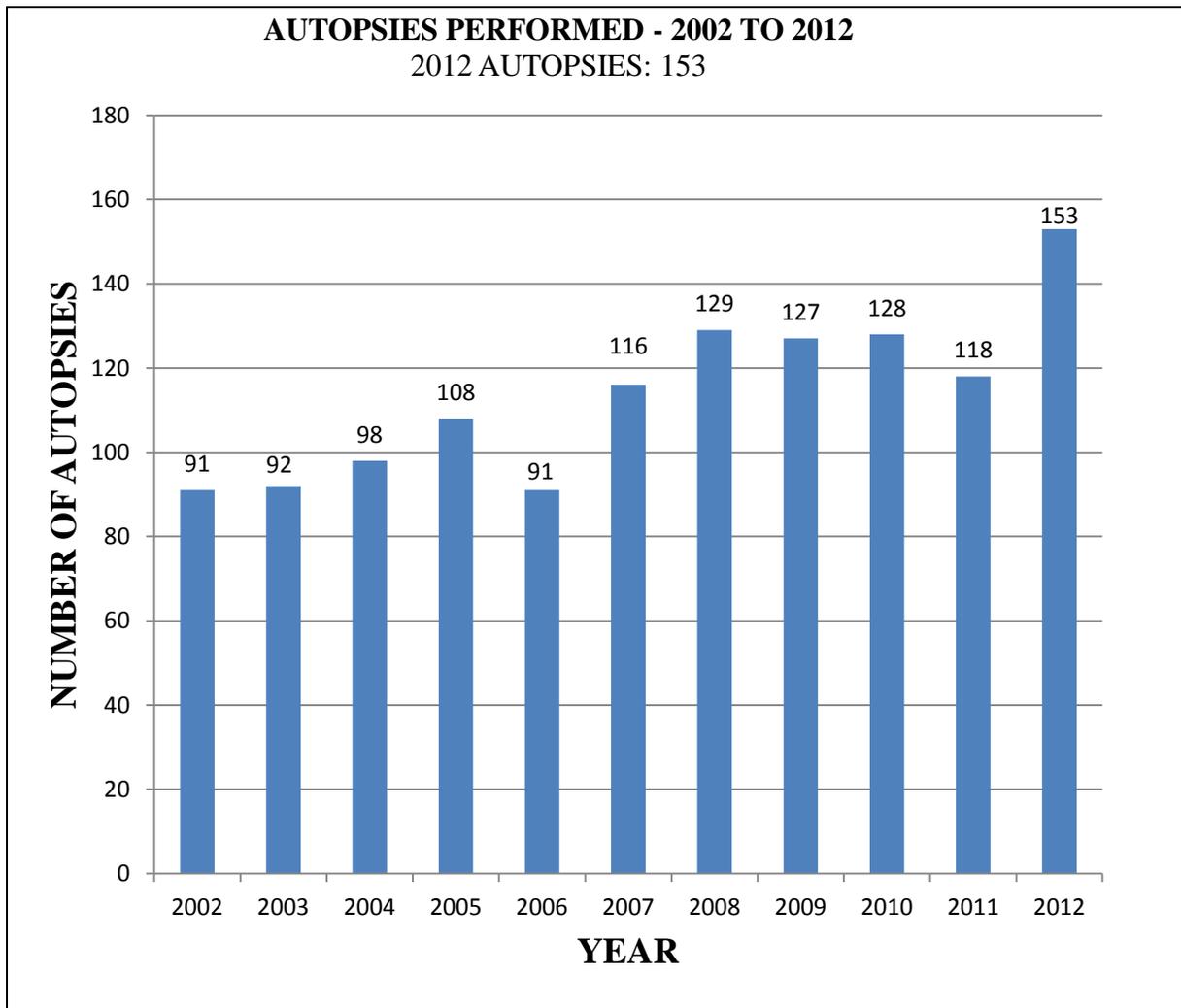


*The total number of cremations include, both authorizations on cases already reported to the Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office and cases that were not required to be initially reported, but were reported for the sole purpose of gaining cremation authorization.

*Cremation authorization requests have increased 44% since 2002.

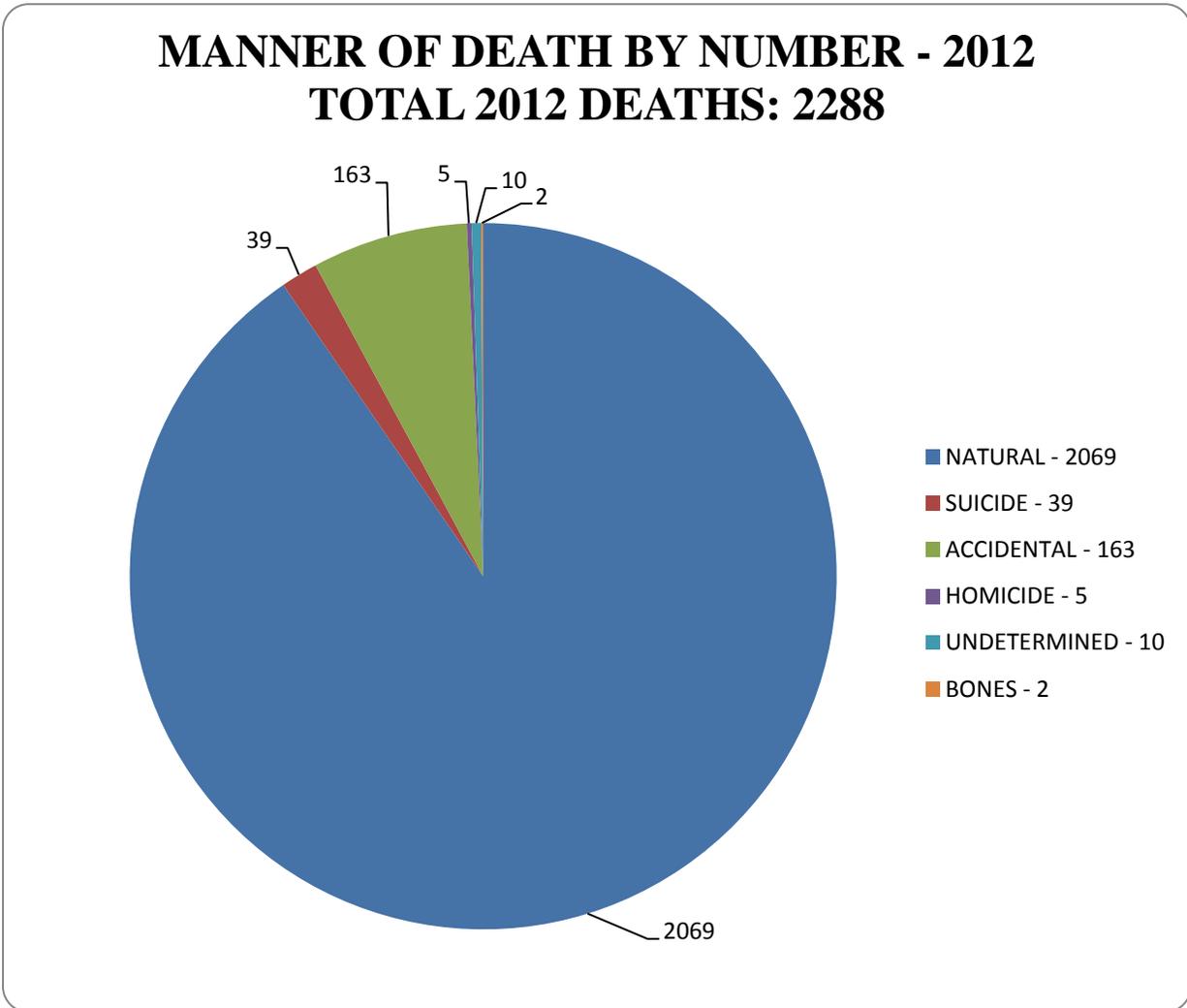
AUTOPSIES

Of the 2288 deaths that were investigated by the Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office, 153 deaths required a forensic autopsy performed to aid in the determination of the cause and manner of death, to document disease, to identify injury patterns and to recover evidence. Autopsies include toxicology testing to aid in determining the cause and manner of death. Toxicology testing is performed on various specimens collected at autopsy. Toxicology testing screens for alcohol, illicit drugs, prescription drugs, non-prescription drugs and other substances requested depending on the circumstances surrounding the death.



*On 9 additional cases, toxicology only was performed. A forensic autopsy was not found to be required through investigation.

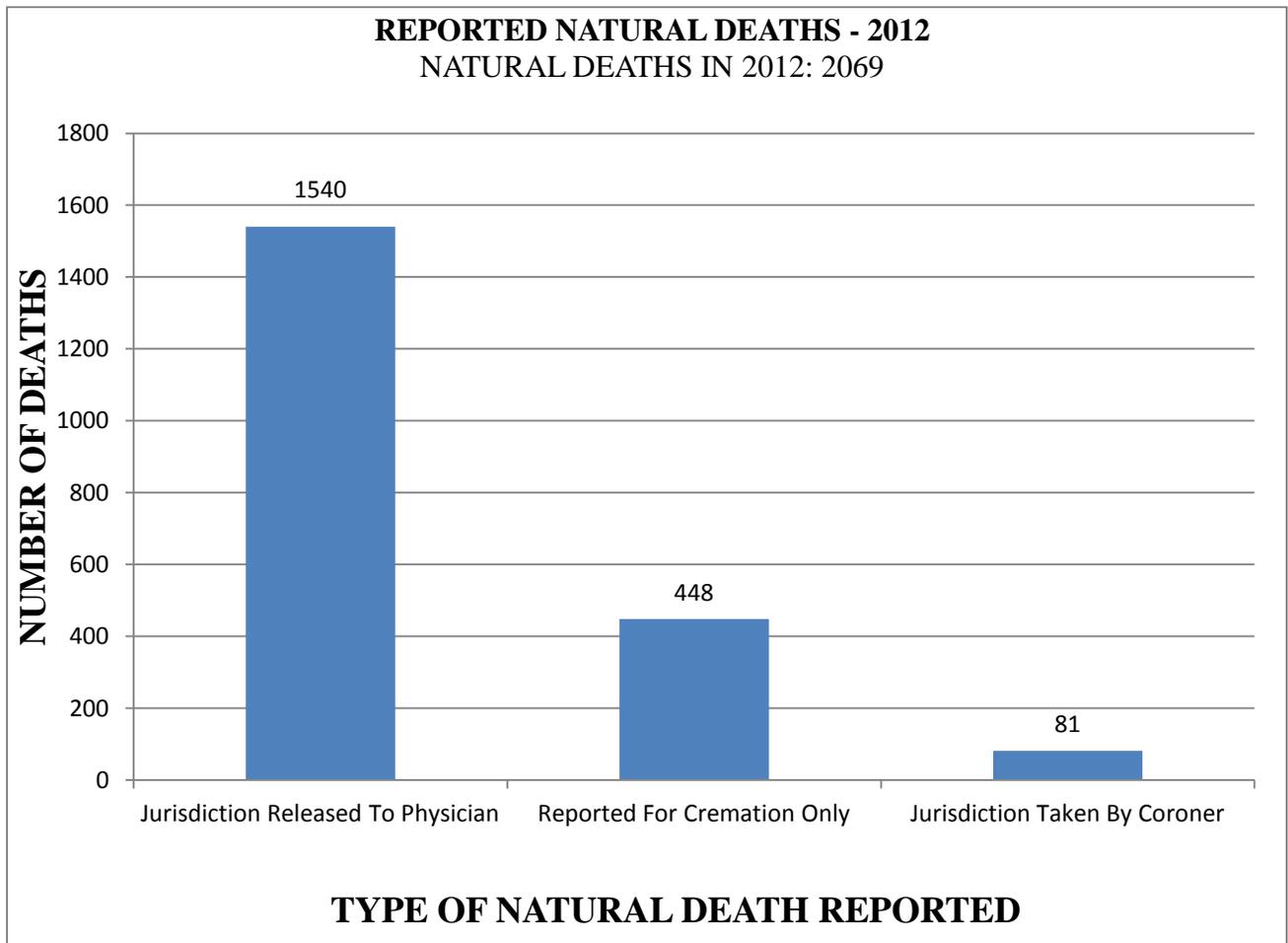
MANNER OF DEATH



*The above data reflects 2 cases reported to determine a type of bone found at different locations across Westmoreland County and is further explained on Pg. 31 of this report.

NATURAL DEATHS

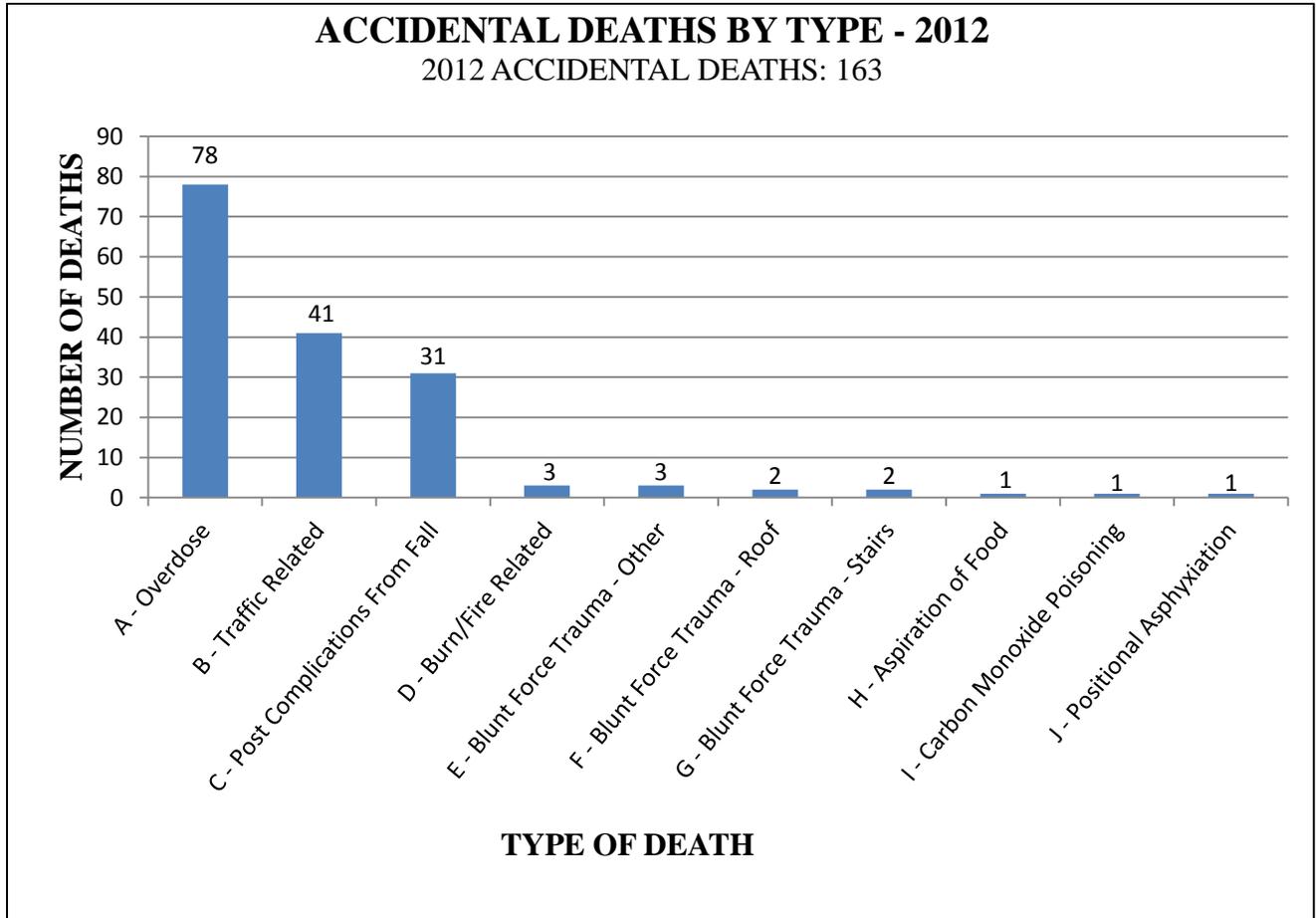
A large majority of cases investigated by any Coroner’s Office are natural deaths. In Westmoreland County 2069 cases were reported and investigated that were determined to be natural. In many cases after the investigation determines the death is natural, jurisdiction will be released back to the decedent’s physician, who will then issue the certificate of death. The certificate of death must be issued by the Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office on all accidental, suicide, homicide and undetermined cases. Depending on the circumstances, the Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office may issue the certificate of death on natural cases.



*Although only 448 cases were reported for the sole purpose of cremation, the remaining 624 cremations out of the 1072 total, come from cases already reported from all manners of death.

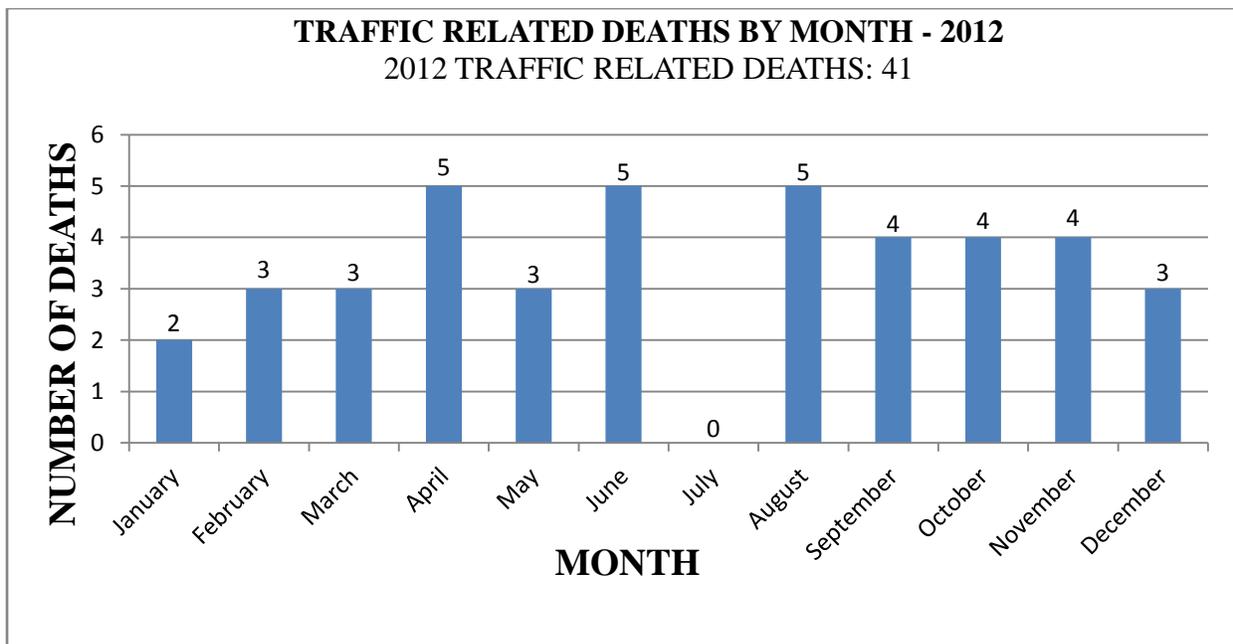
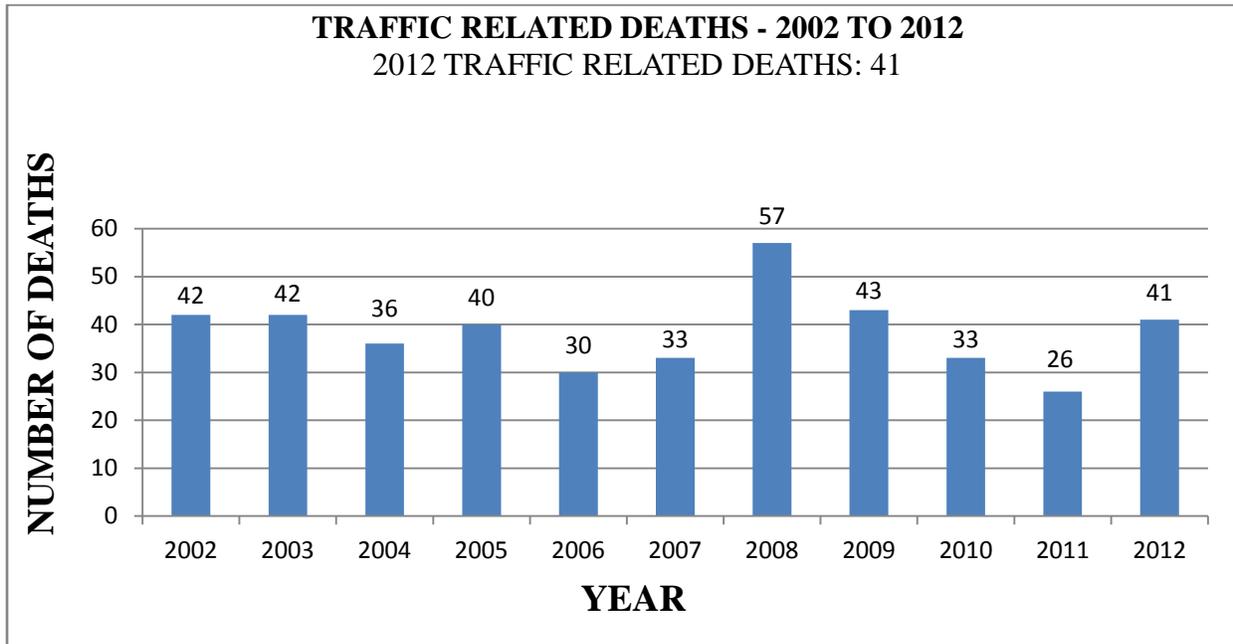
ACCIDENTAL DEATHS

In 2012, a total of 163 accidental deaths were investigated by the Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office.



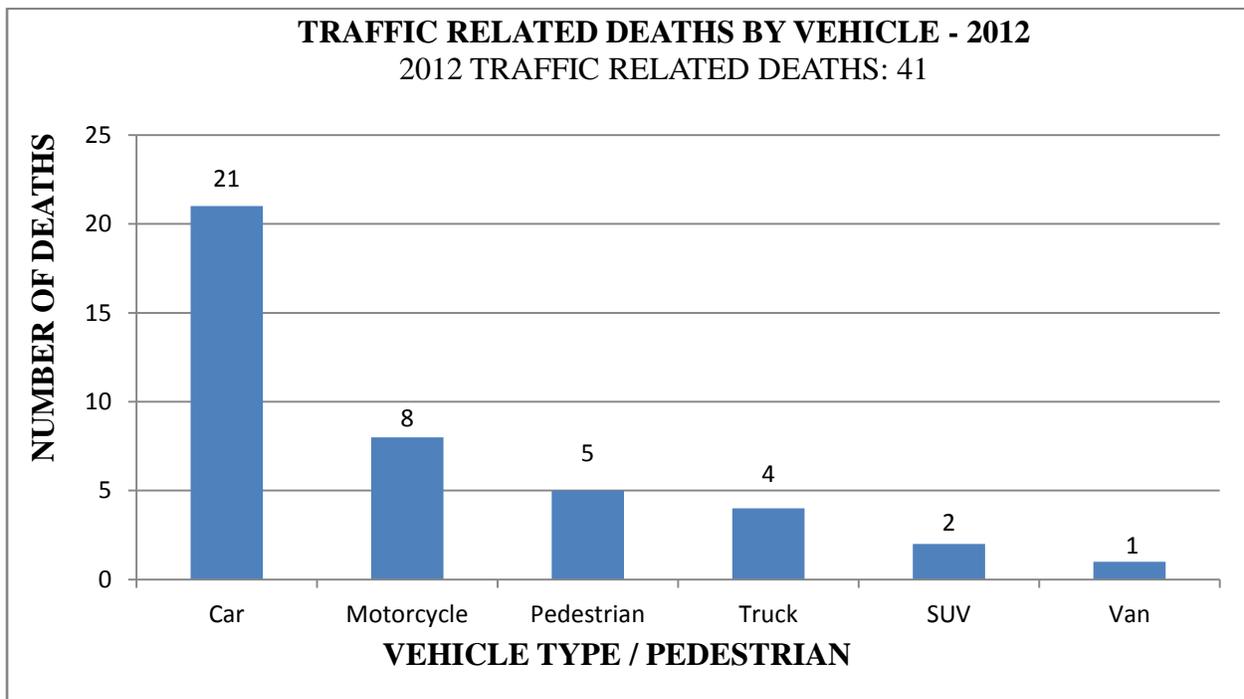
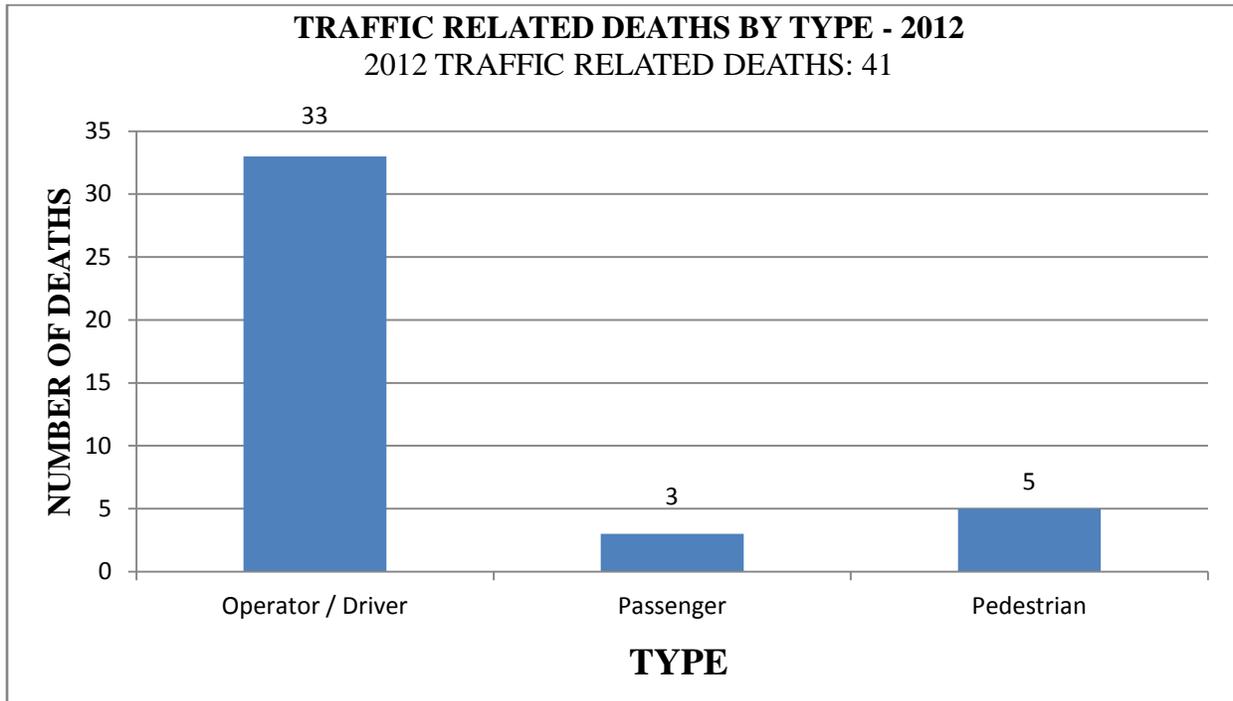
- A & B - Overdose and traffic related deaths are explained in further detail on pages 18 – 23.
- C - Post complications from falls is classified as, medical complications sustained by the elderly, who suffered a fall and died as a result of that fall being a contributing factor in the decedent’s death. 31 individuals died as a result of post complications from a fall.
- D - Three individuals died as a result of fire related injuries. Two in a residential fire and one in a farm tractor fire with entrapment.
- E - Three individuals died as a result of different types of blunt force trauma. One due to being pinned beneath a paving roller, one due to a farm tractor accident and one due to a fall in an ice covered parking lot.
- F - Two individuals died as a result of blunt force trauma sustained after falling from a roof.
- G - Two individuals died as a result of blunt force trauma sustained after falling from a flight of stairs.
- H - One individual died as a result of asphyxiation due to aspiration of food.
- I - One individual died as a result of carbon monoxide poisoning after accidentally leaving a vehicle running in an attached residential garage.
- J – One individual died as a result of positional asphyxiation due to being pinned beneath a vehicle.

TRAFFIC RELATED DEATHS



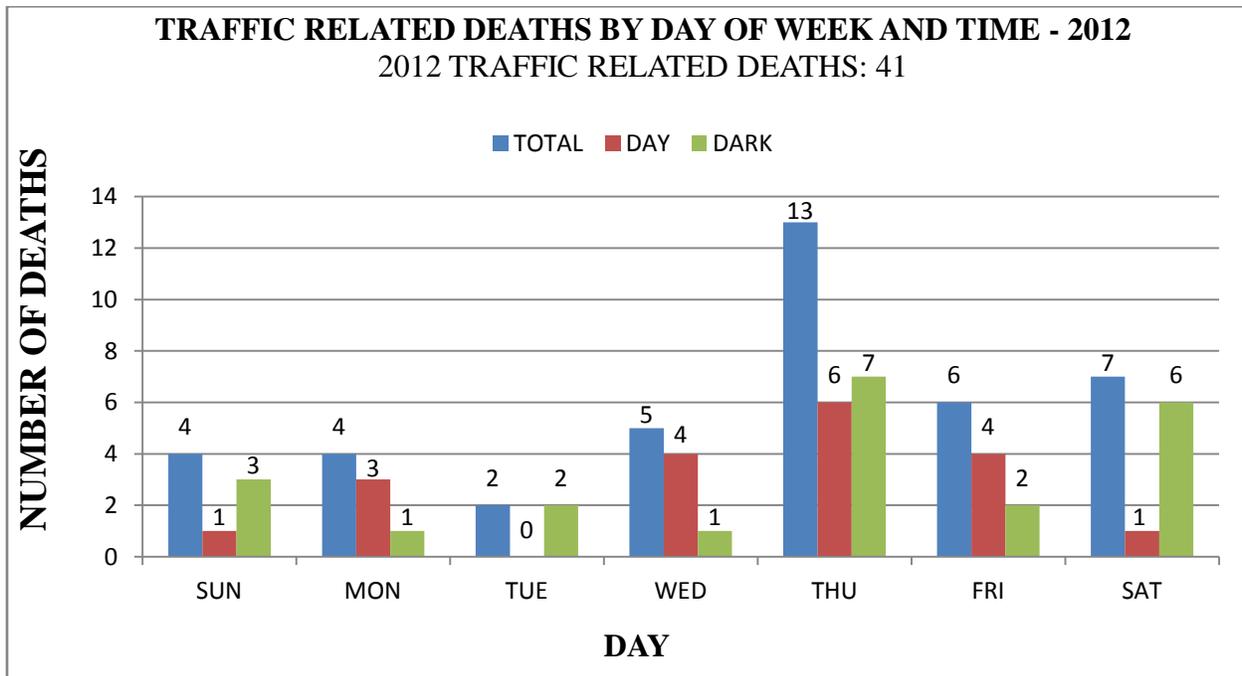
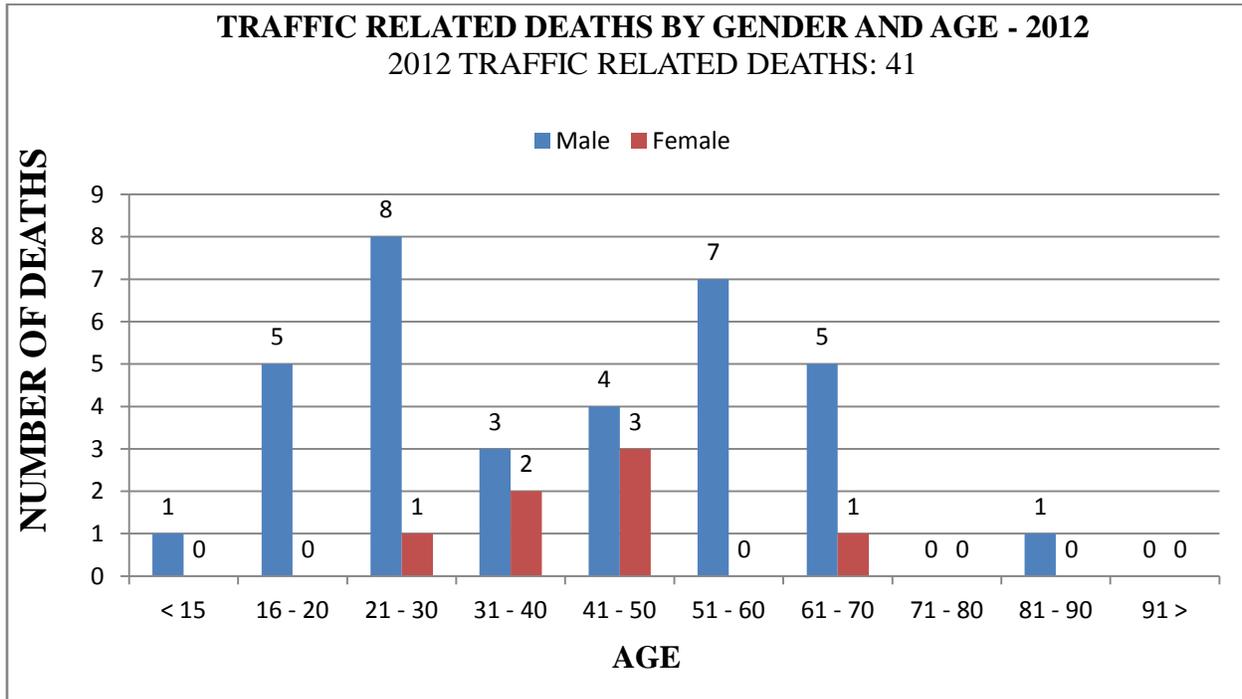
*Traffic related deaths include only those individuals whose death occurs within Westmoreland County, regardless of where the traffic incident takes place. This data does not include those individuals transported by ambulance or medical helicopter to out of county hospitals.

TRAFFIC RELATED DEATHS



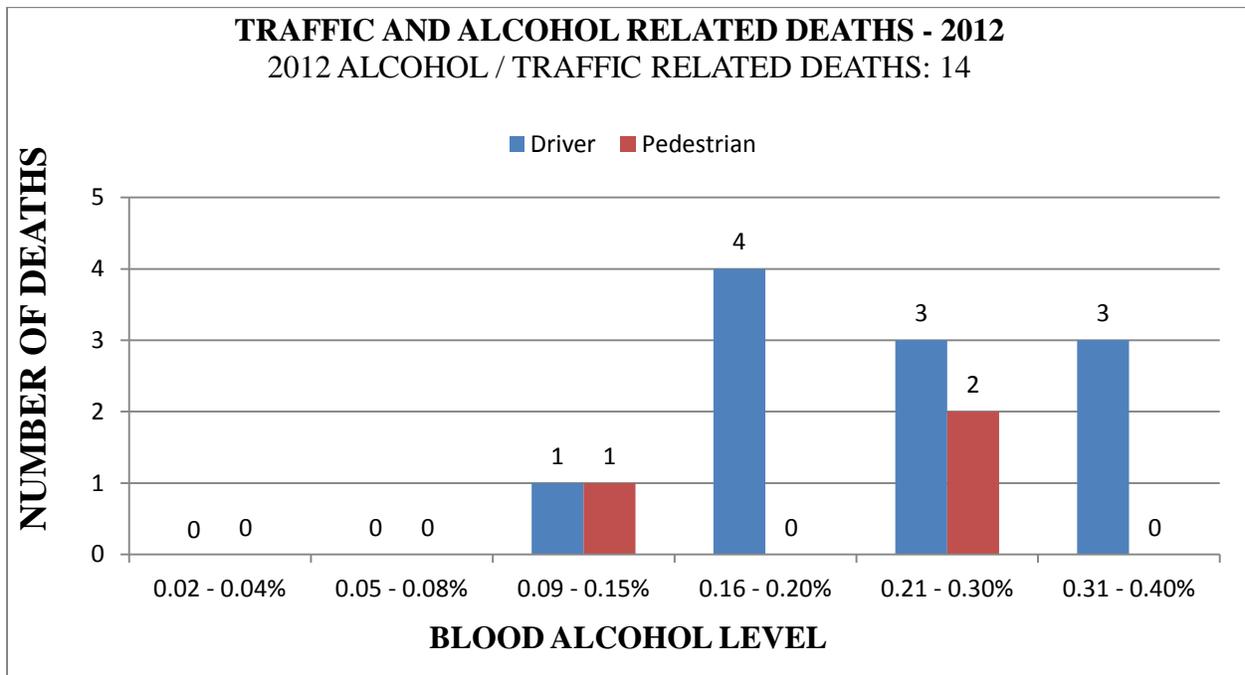
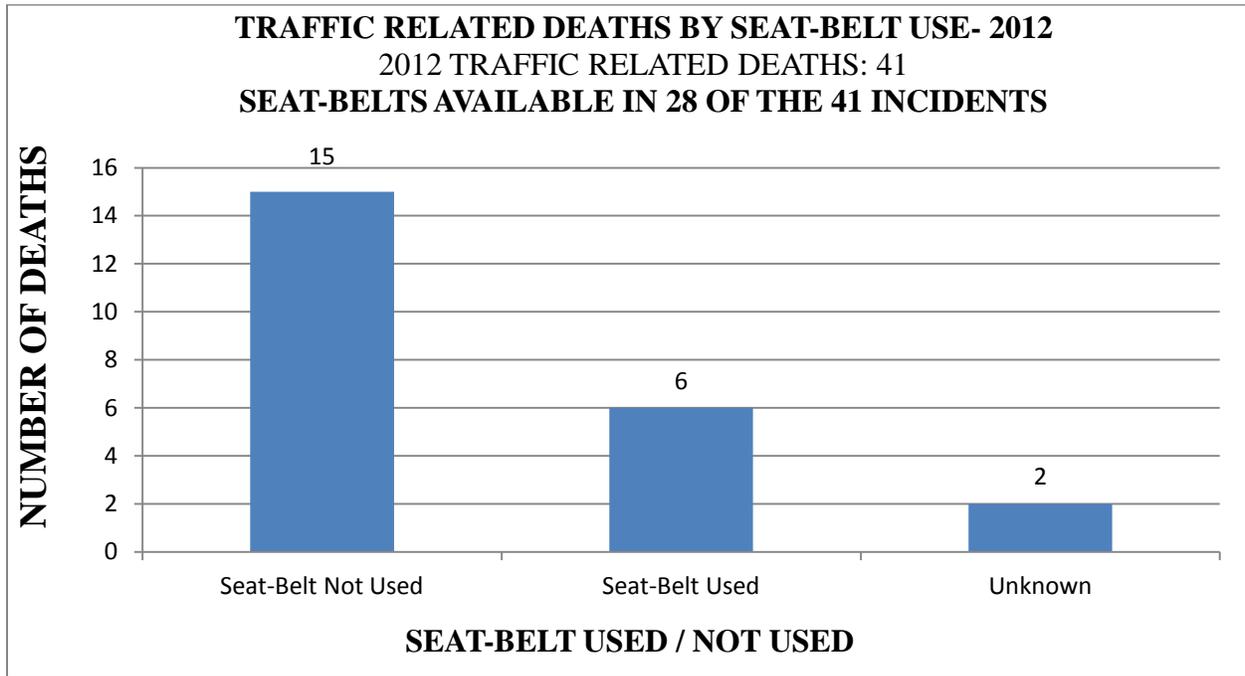
*A helmet was used in 6 of the 8 motorcycle deaths.

TRAFFIC RELATED DEATHS

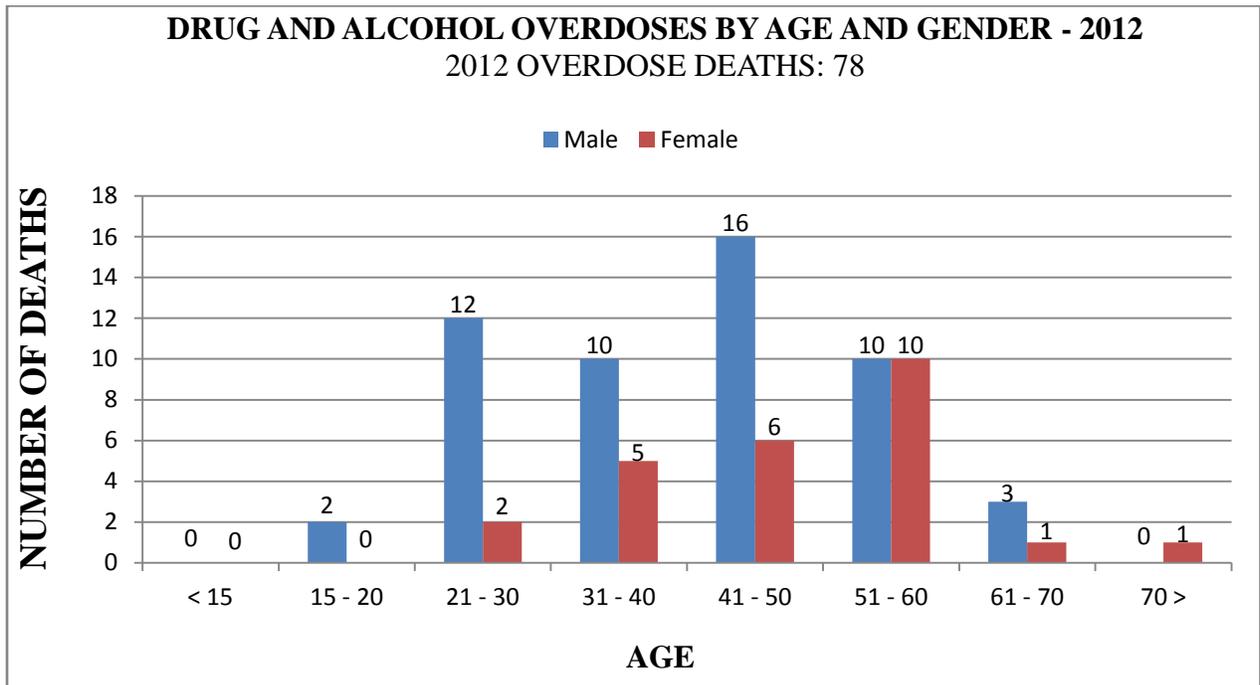
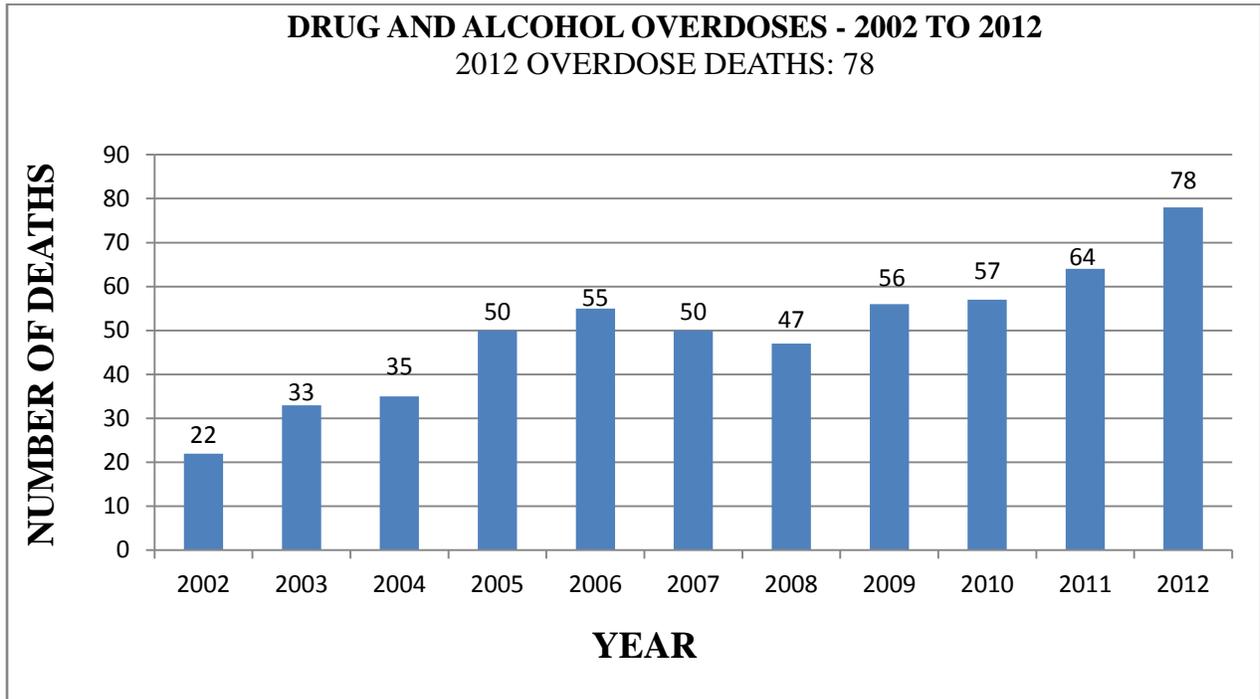


*Age/Day/Time data comes from the time the incident occurs. Incidents happen where the decedent may be kept alive for days to years in the hospital or other facilities and the death is still due to the traffic incident.

TRAFFIC RELATED DEATHS



OVERDOSES

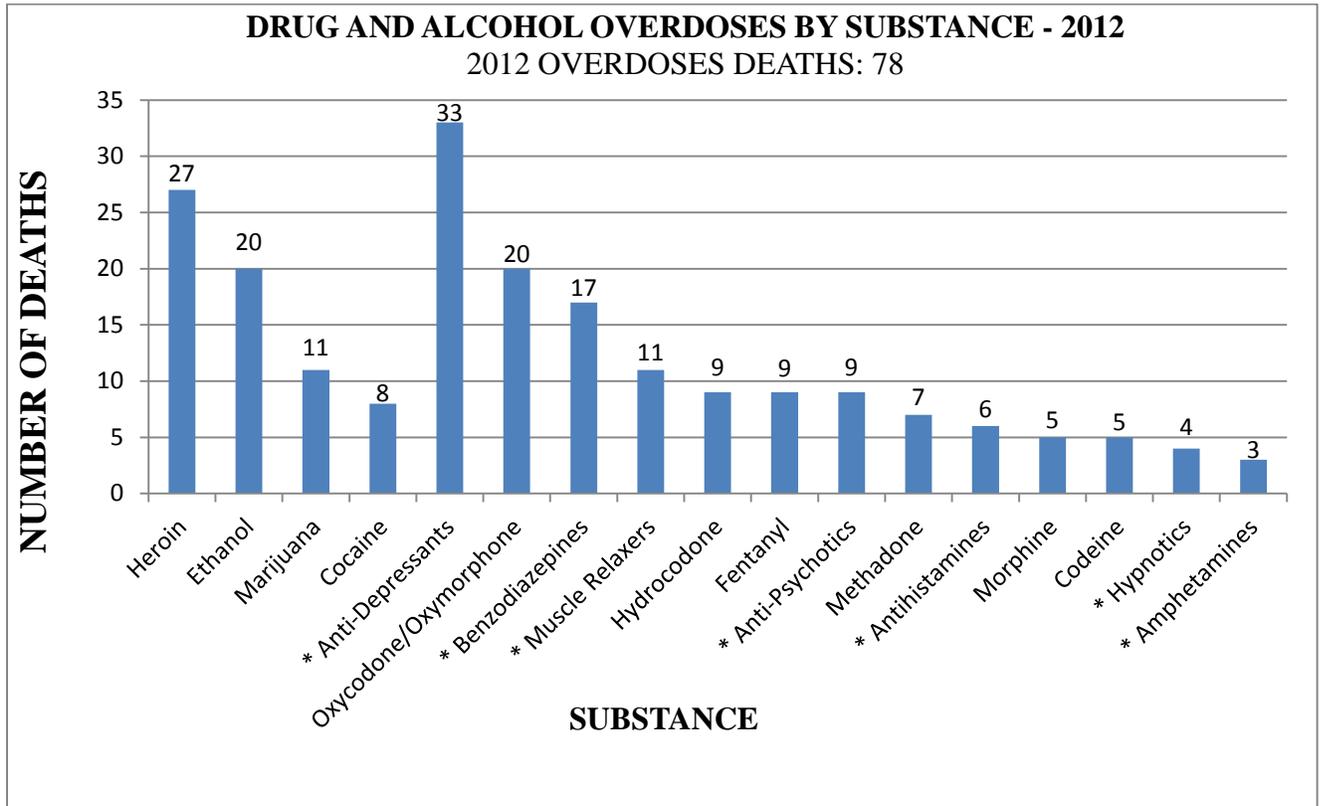


*This data includes only accidental overdoses.

*Suicides by overdose are not included but that data can be found on page 26.

*Overdoses ruled an undetermined manner will be explained and the data found on pages 29-30.

OVERDOSES



*In almost all drug overdoses investigated by the Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office, the cause of death is the result of a combination of multiple drugs found in the decedent’s toxicology. The above table indicates that the drug listed was contributory in the death, either alone or in combination with another drug(s). For example, Anti-Depressants were found to be in 33 decedent’s toxicology out of the 78 total deaths. However, that toxicology may have any number of additional drugs present across the chart.

* Anti-Depressants category includes substances such as Prozac, Celexa, Effexor, Cymbalta, Lexapro, Zoloft, Remeron, Wellburtrin..etc.

* Benzodiazepines category includes substances such as Xanax, Klonopin, Valium, Ativan, Restoril..etc.

* Muscle Relaxers category consists of substances such as Flexeril, Soma, Skelaxin, Robaxin..etc.

* Anti-Psychotics category consists of Seroquel, Zyprexa, Risperdal..etc.

* Antihistamines category consists of Vistaril, Benadryl..etc.

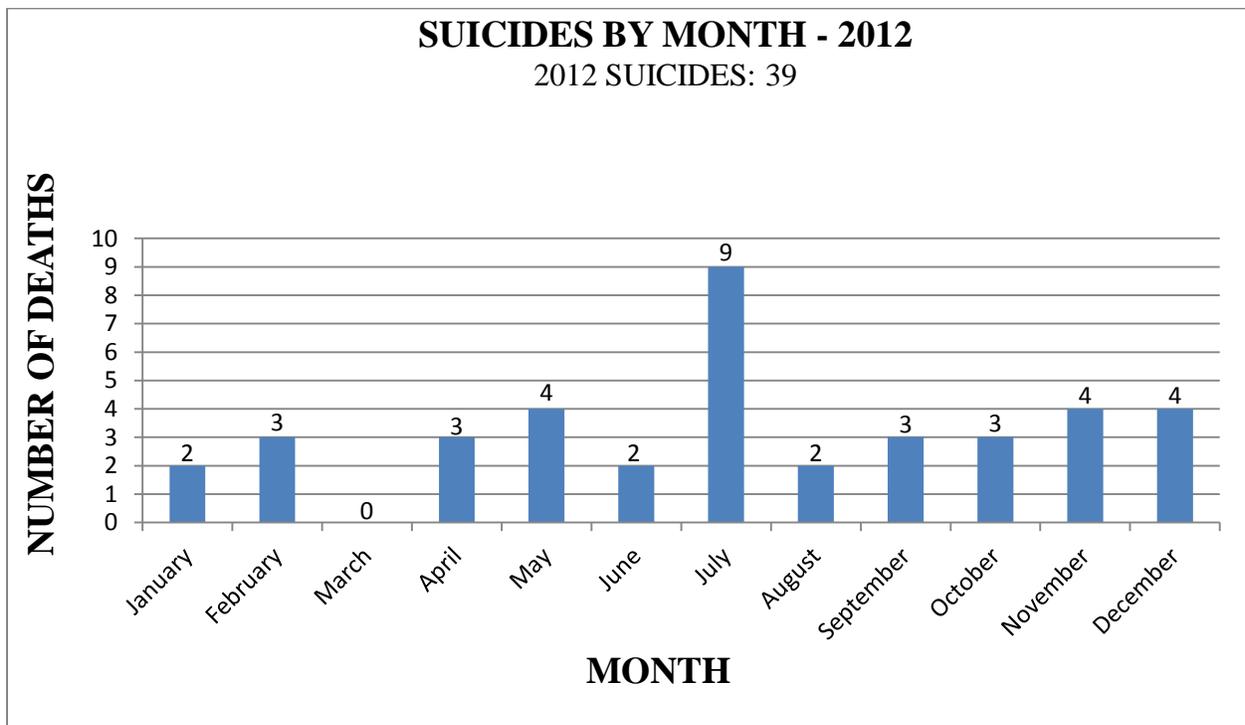
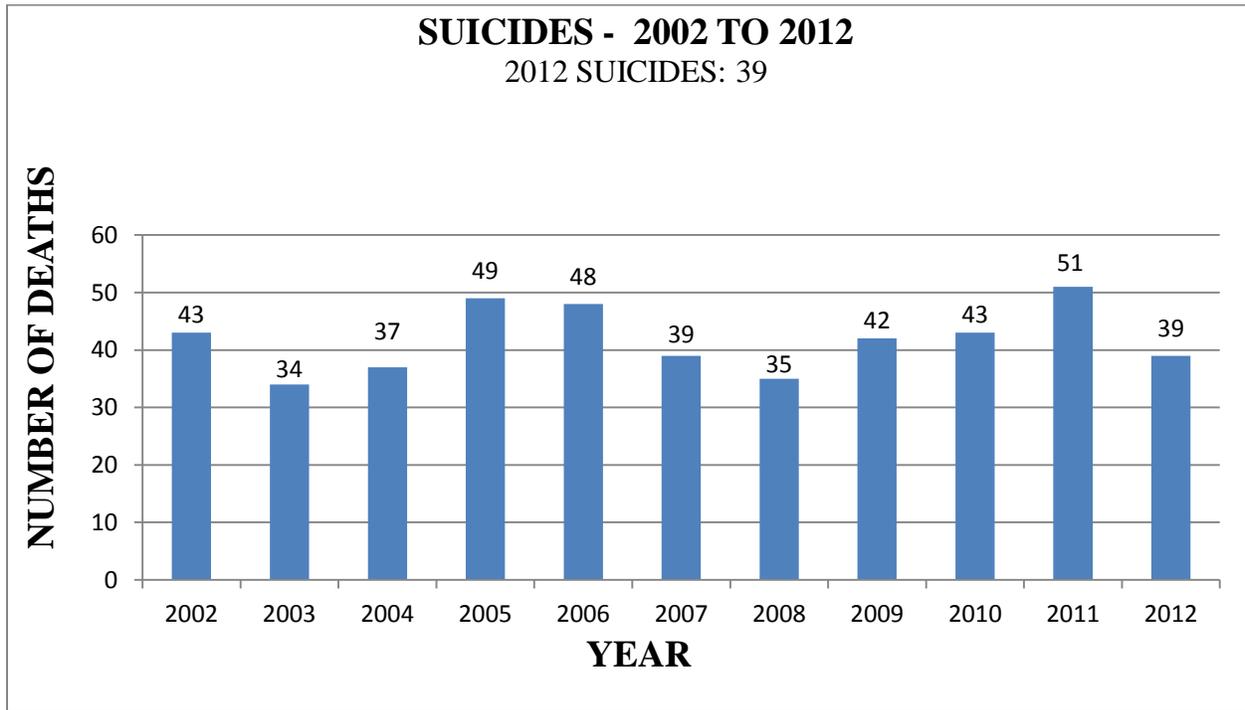
* Hypnotics category consists of Ambien, Intermezzo, Sublinox..etc.

* Amphetamines category consists of Adderall, Dexedrine..etc.

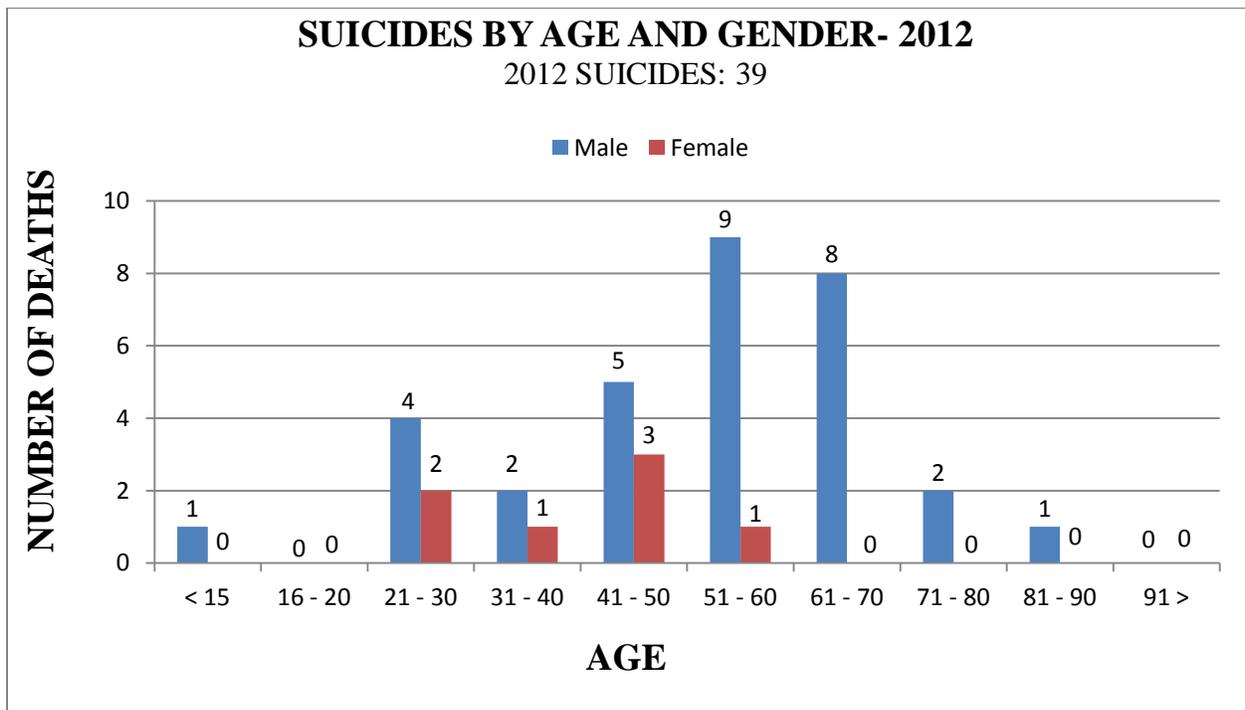
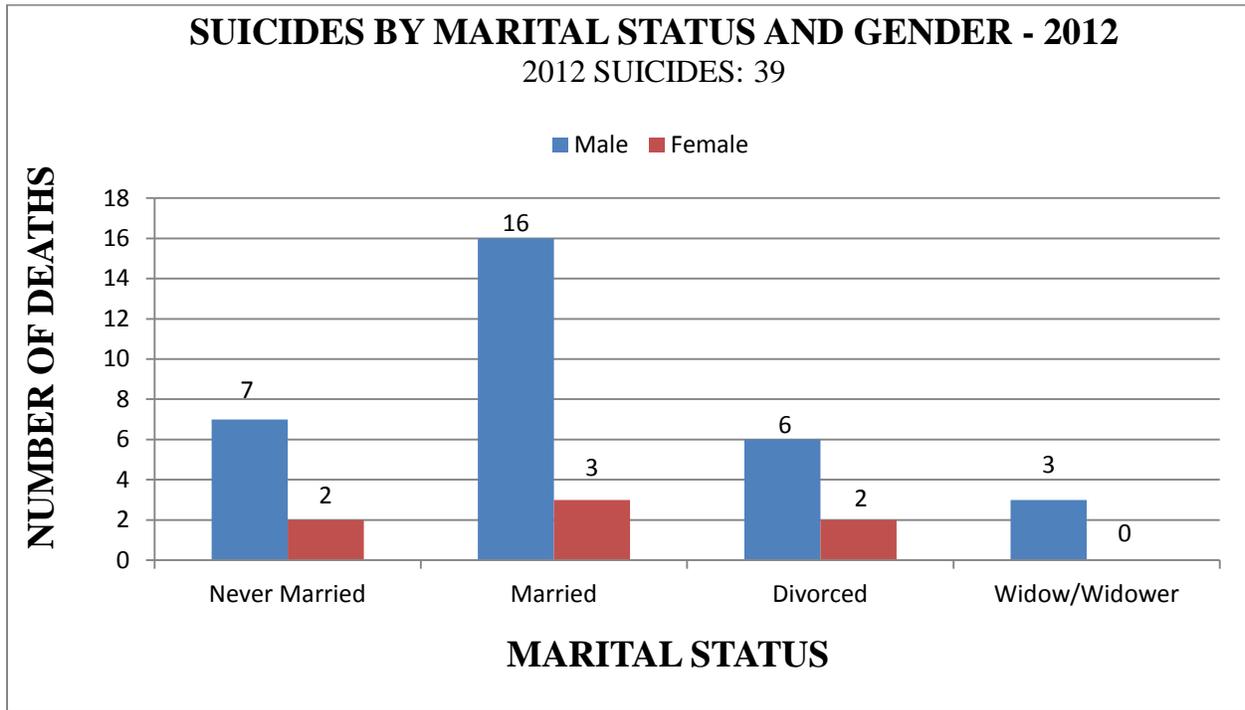
*Prescription drug overdoses have continued to rise on a yearly basis.

*Heroin related overdoses increased 30% from 2011.

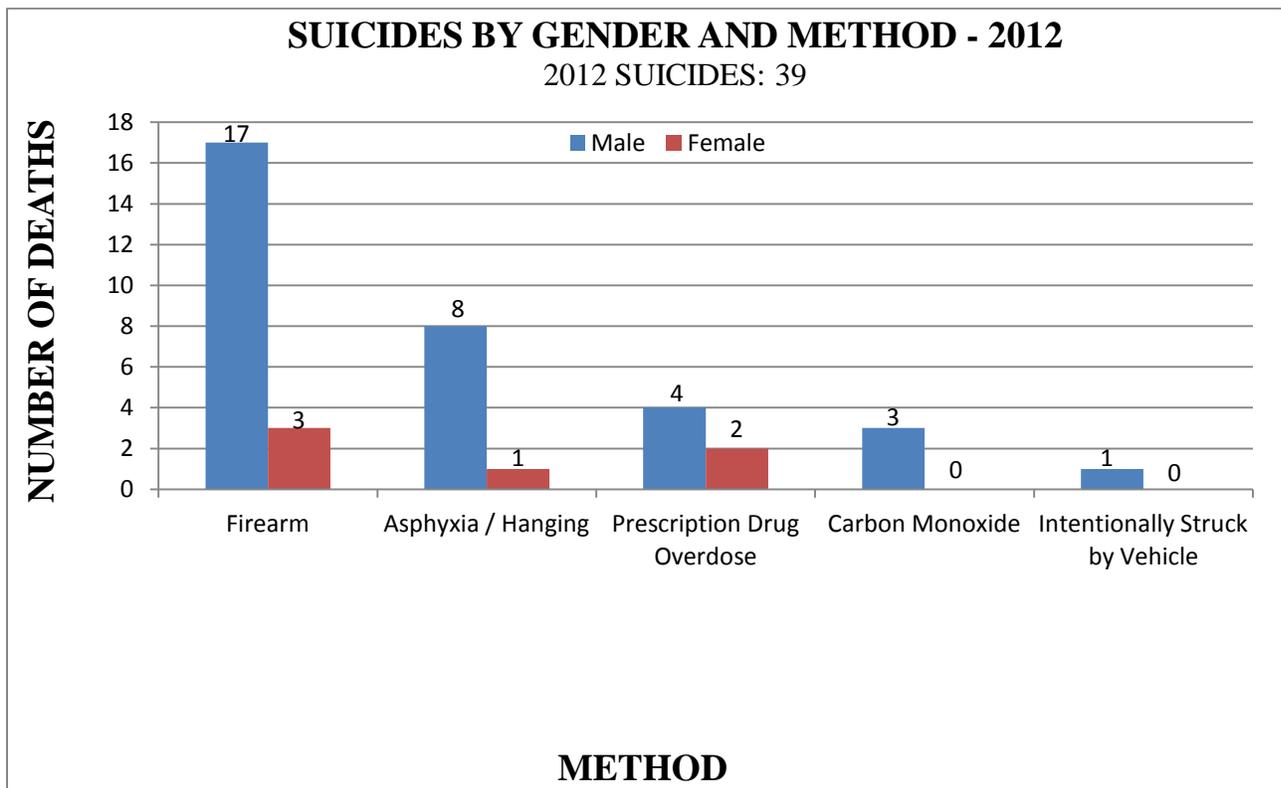
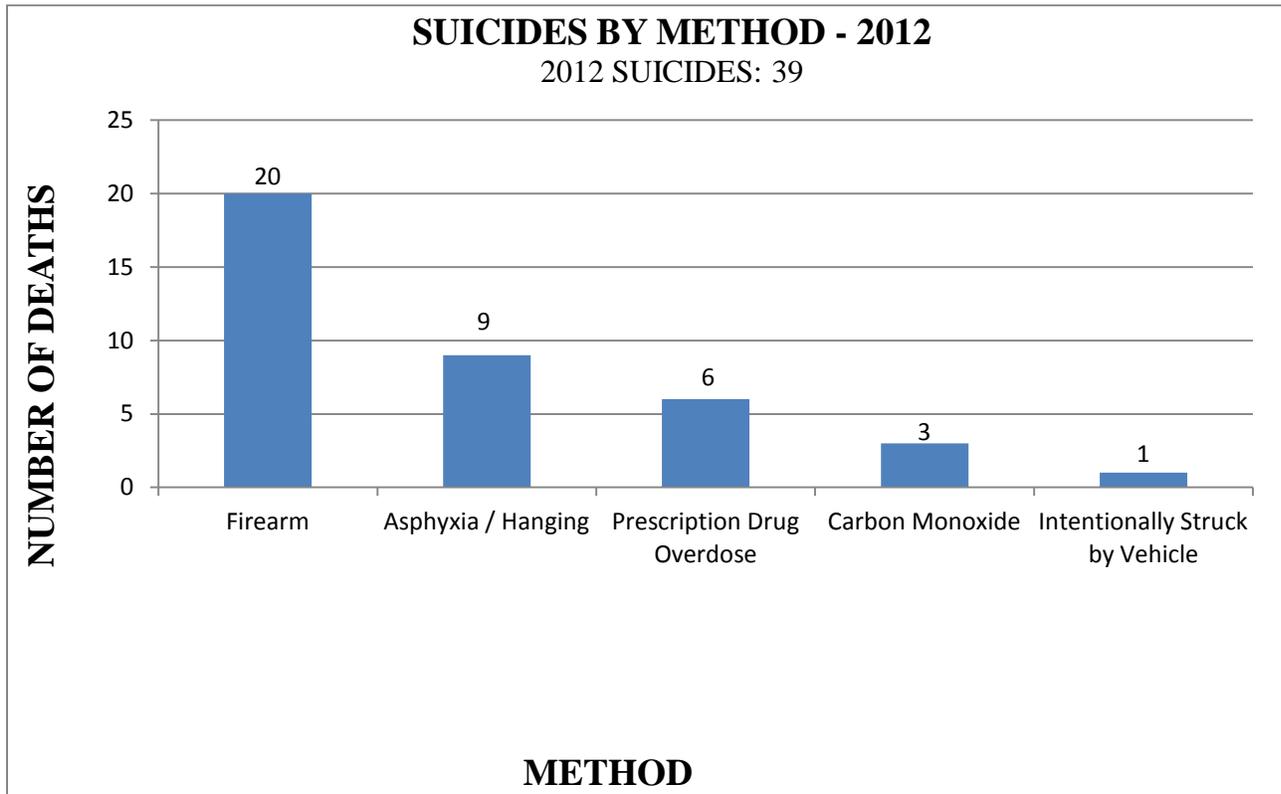
SUICIDES



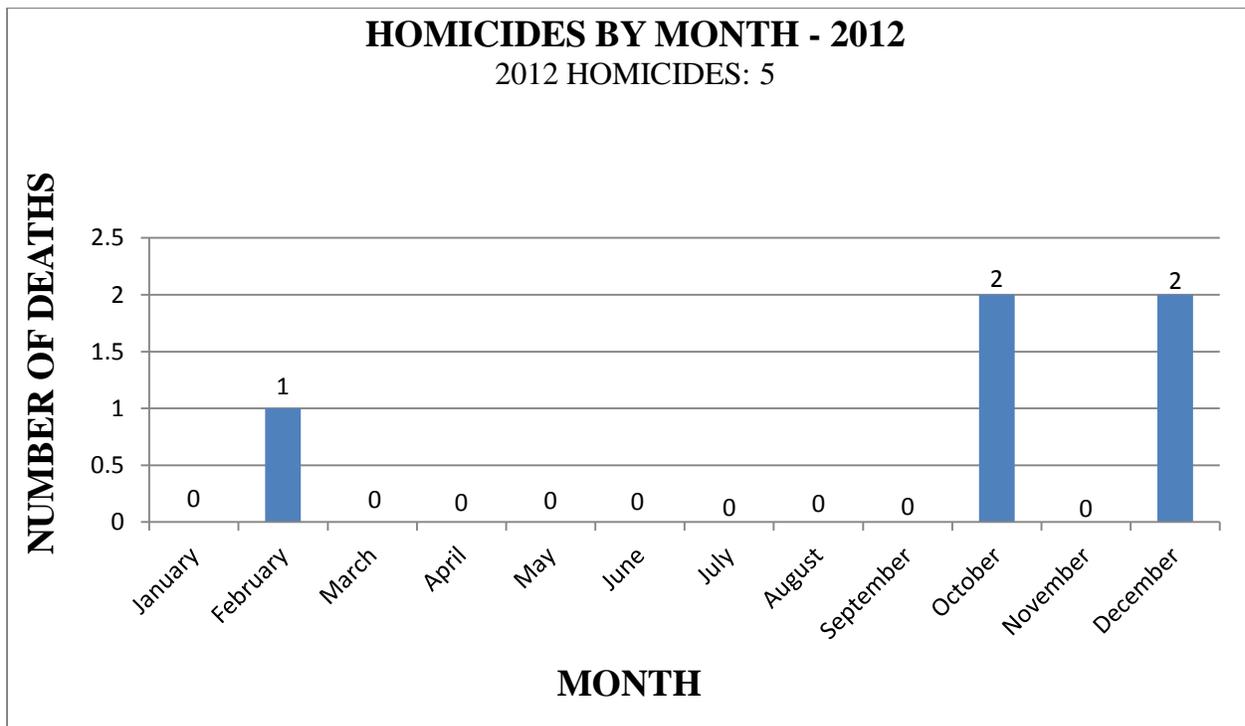
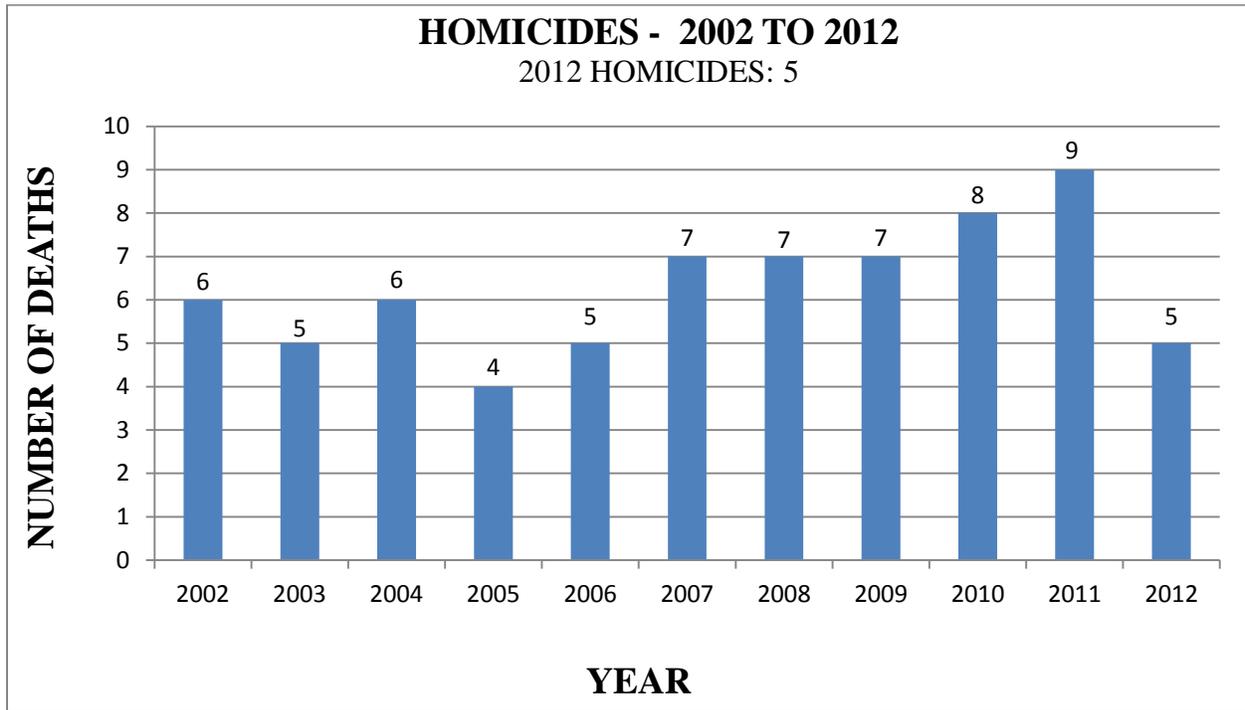
SUICIDES



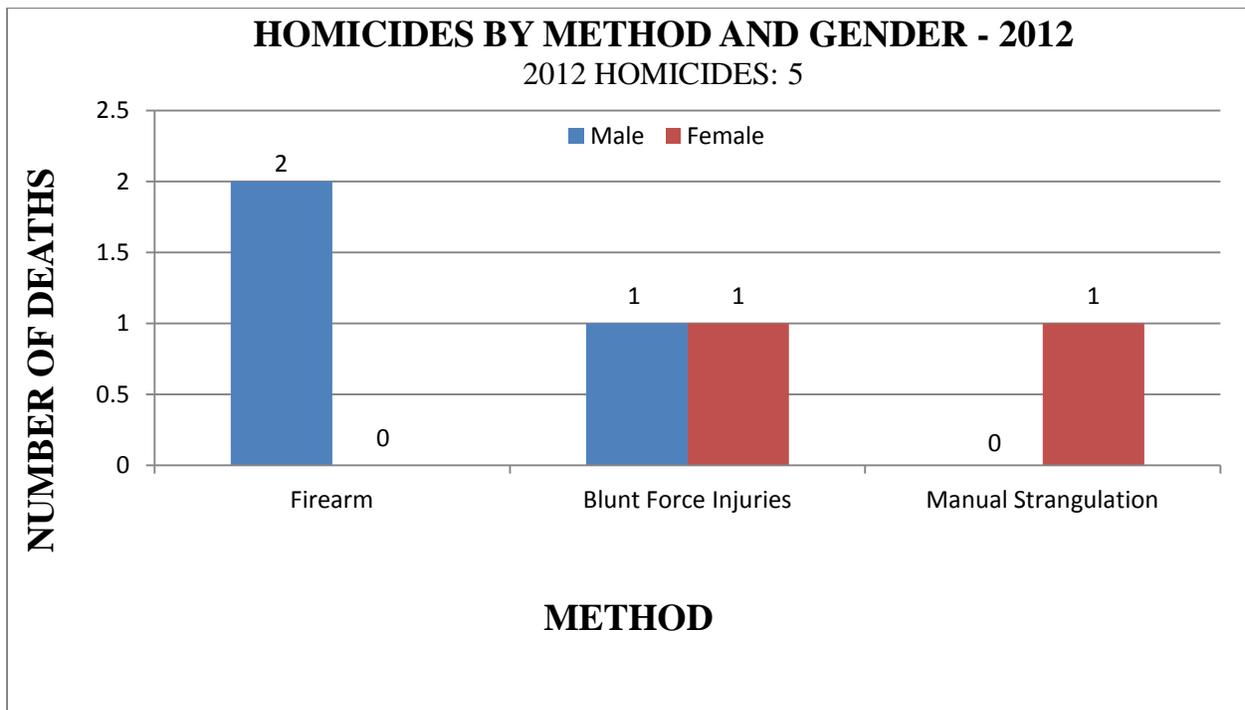
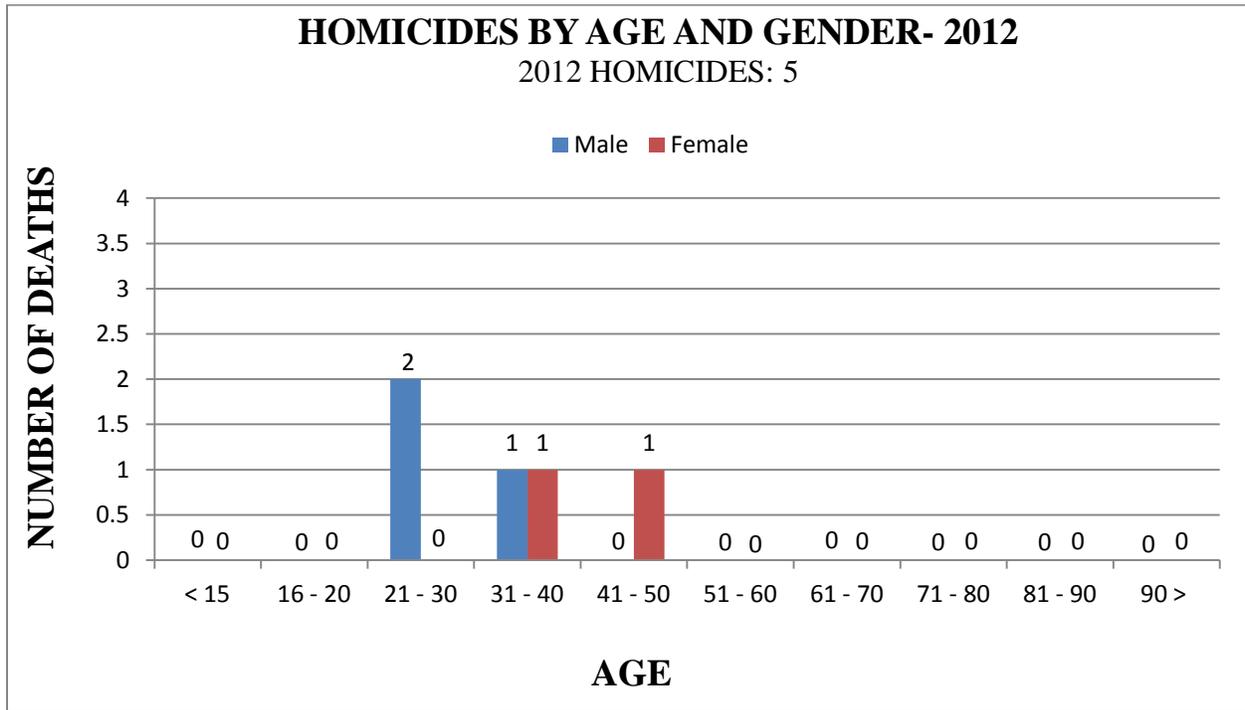
SUICIDES



HOMICIDES

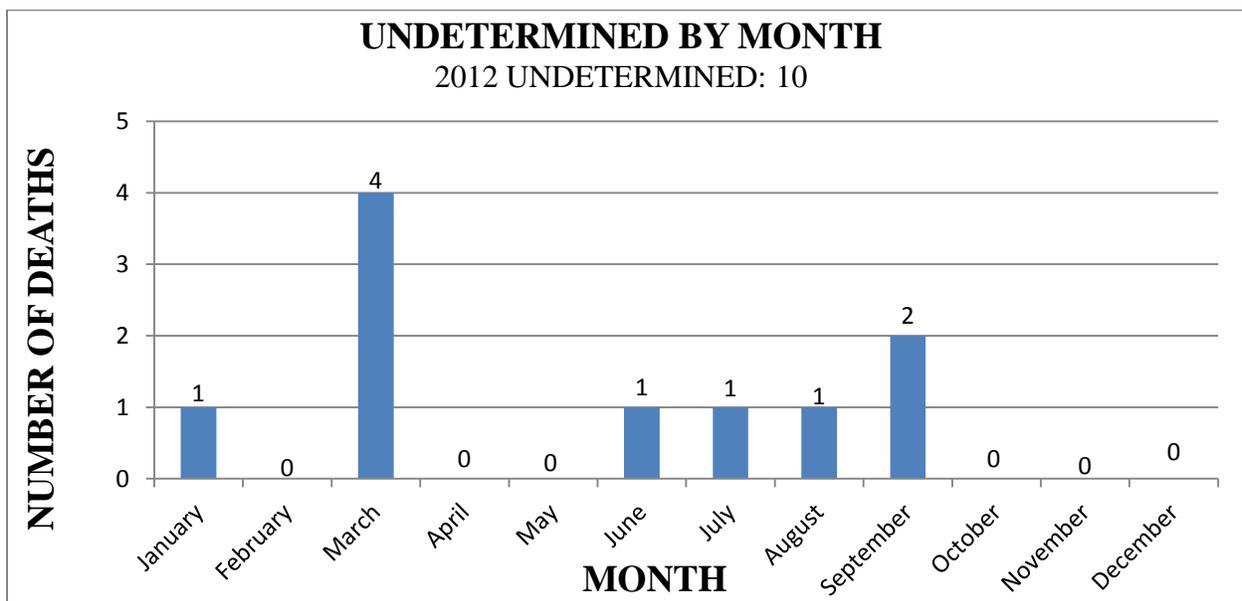
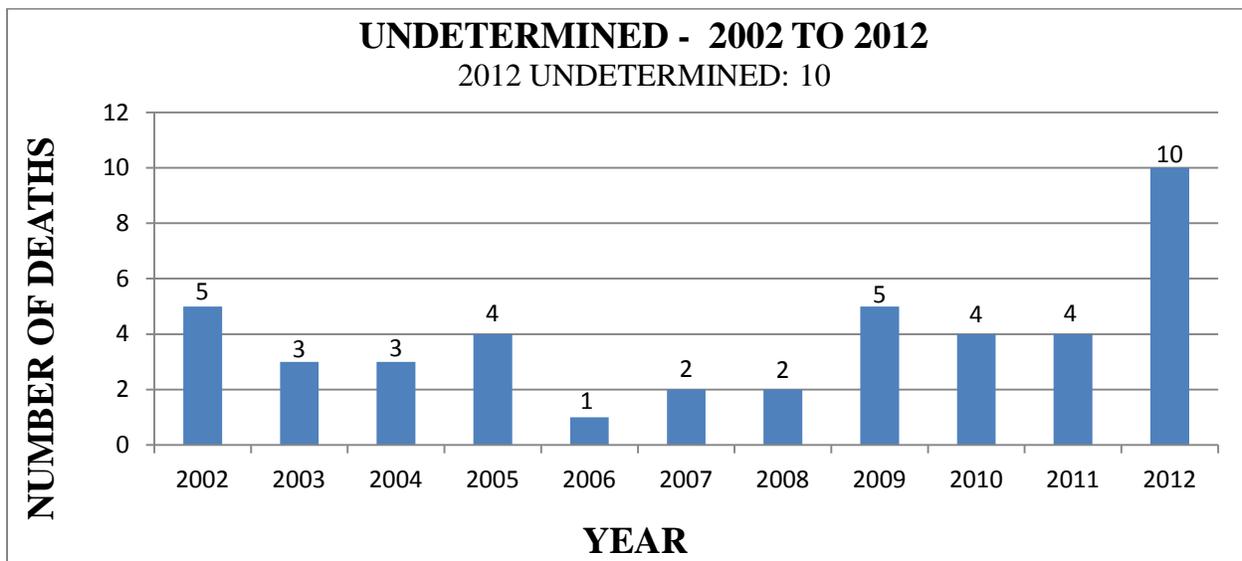


HOMICIDES

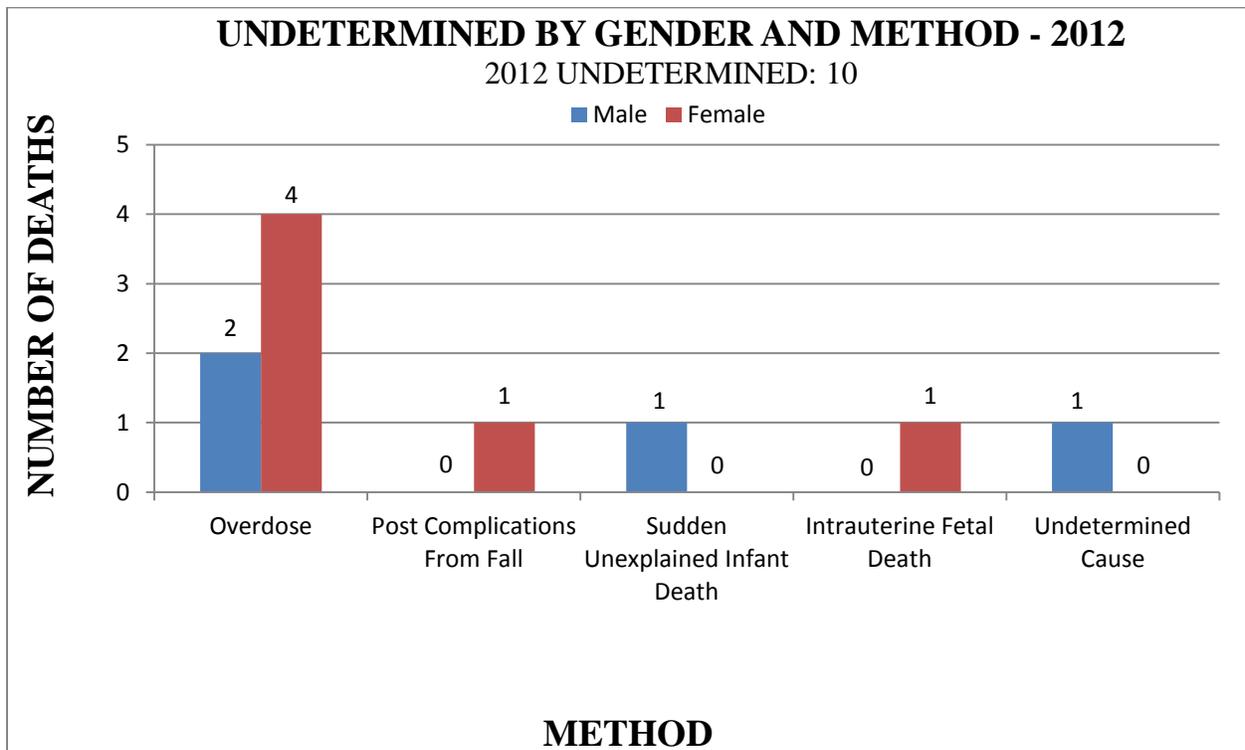
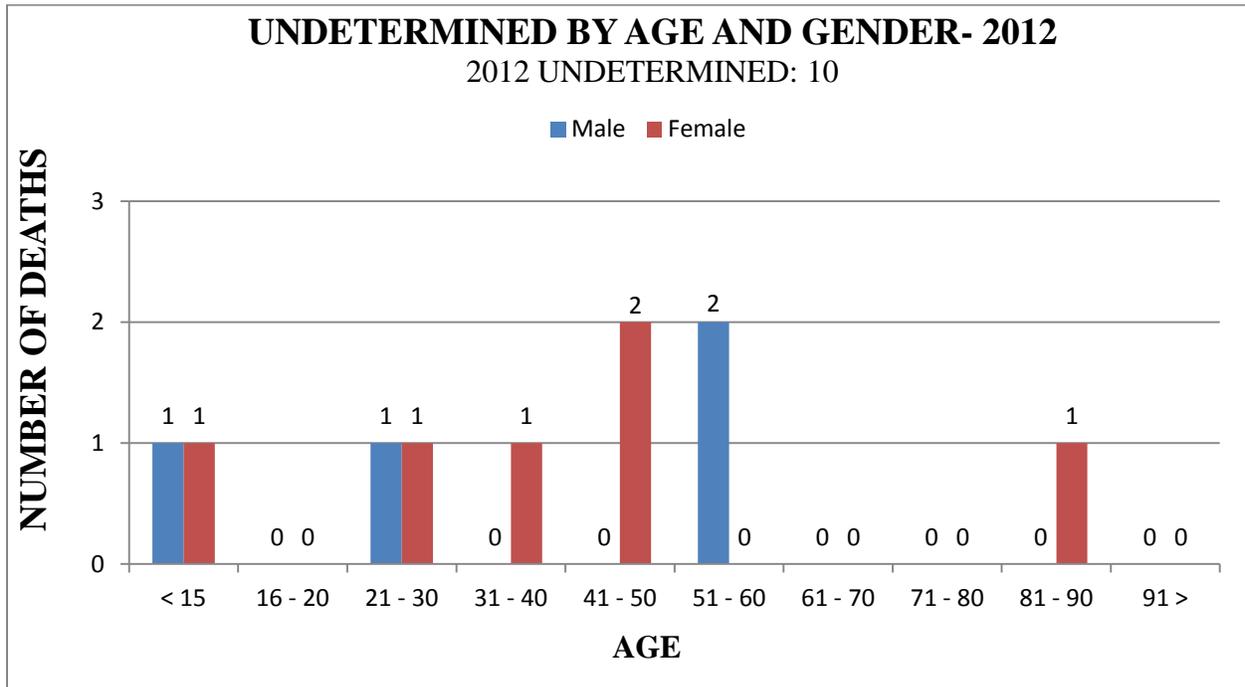


UNDETERMINED

The cause of death may be defined as the disease or injury that resulted in the death, such as myocardial infarction or gunshot wound. The manner of death is a medicolegal term that describes the circumstances of an individual’s death and may be designated as Natural, Accidental, Suicide, Homicide or Undetermined. Occasionally, Coroner’s Offices encounter cases where the cause of death is apparent, but the evidence supporting the manner of death is equivocal or insufficient to make a determination. The determination of manner of death is an opinion based on the “preponderance of evidence”. An example might be a case in which the cause of death is a drug overdose, but from the information available, it is not certain whether the manner of death is accidental or suicide. Therefore, the manner of death may be certified as undetermined. The Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office investigated ten cases where the manner of death was classified as undetermined.

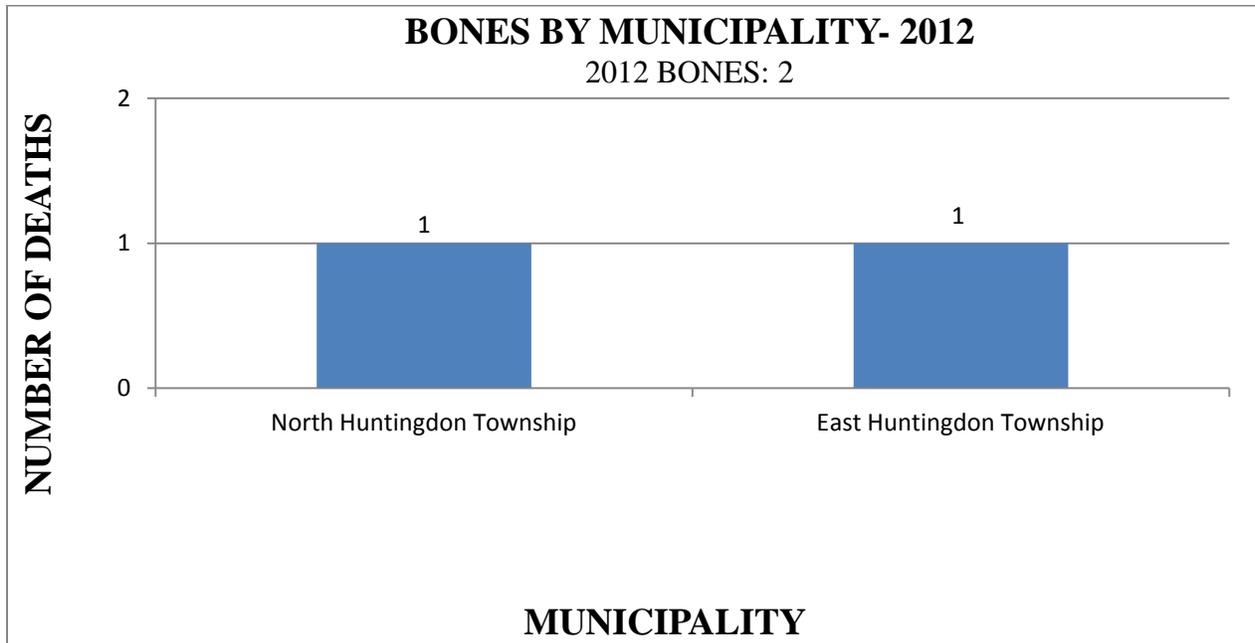


UNDETERMINED



BONES

The Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office receives reports from various law enforcement agencies of undetermined types of bones. The bones are then photographed with a scale and forwarded to Dr. Dennis C. Dirkmaat, Ph.D., D.A.B.F.A., Forensic Anthropologist with Mercyhurst College in Erie, PA. In 2012, the Westmoreland County Coroner’s Office received two cases involving undetermined bones. Through investigation all were determined to be animal bones.



Kenneth A. Bacha, B.S., D-ABMDI

